

A practical introduction to Open Telemetry

🥑 @nicolas_frankel



Me, myself and I

DeveloperDeveloper advocate









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In the good old days...
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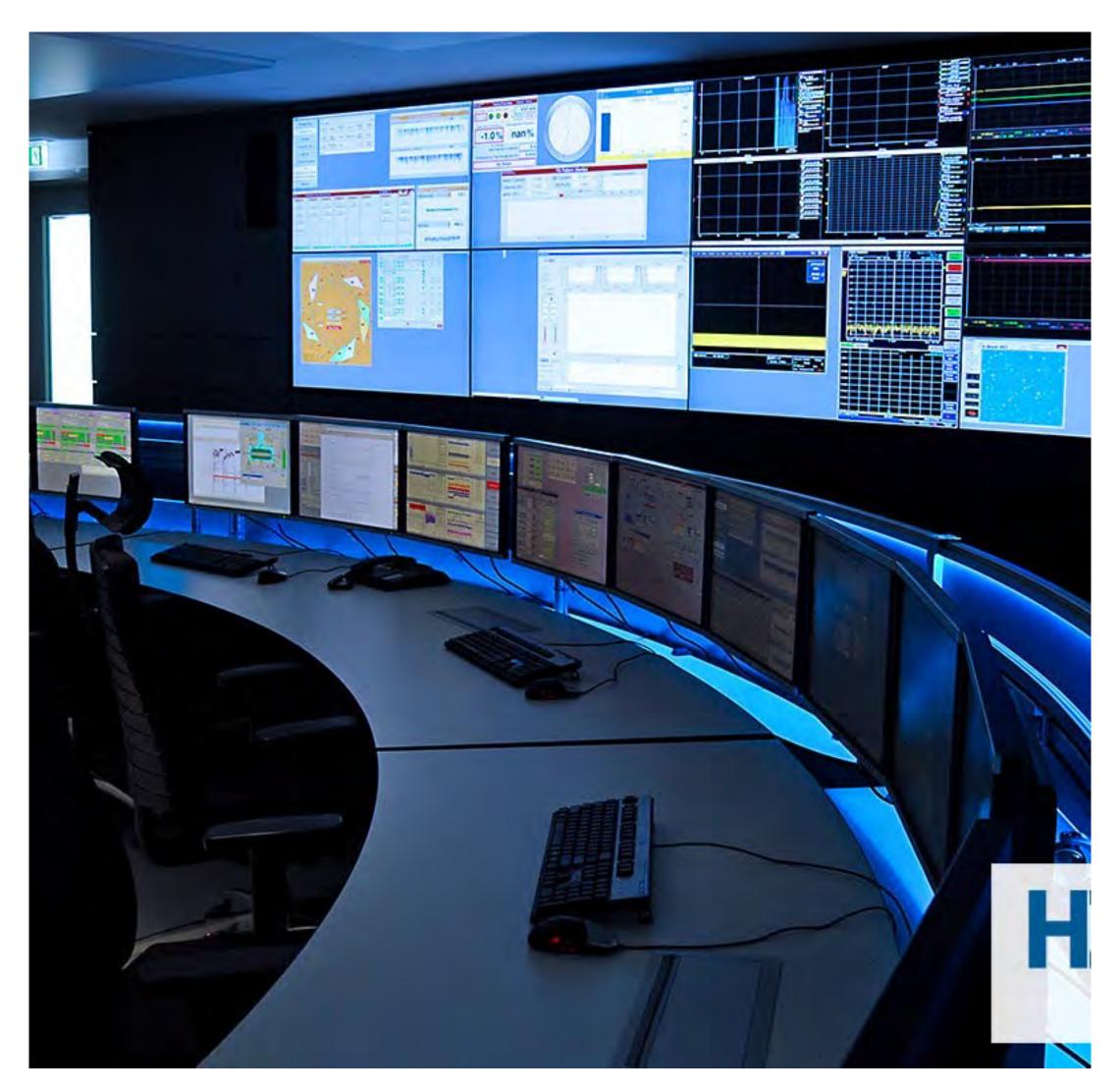
Monitoring

Lots of people looking at screens

Alerting







Then systems became more distributed







Observability

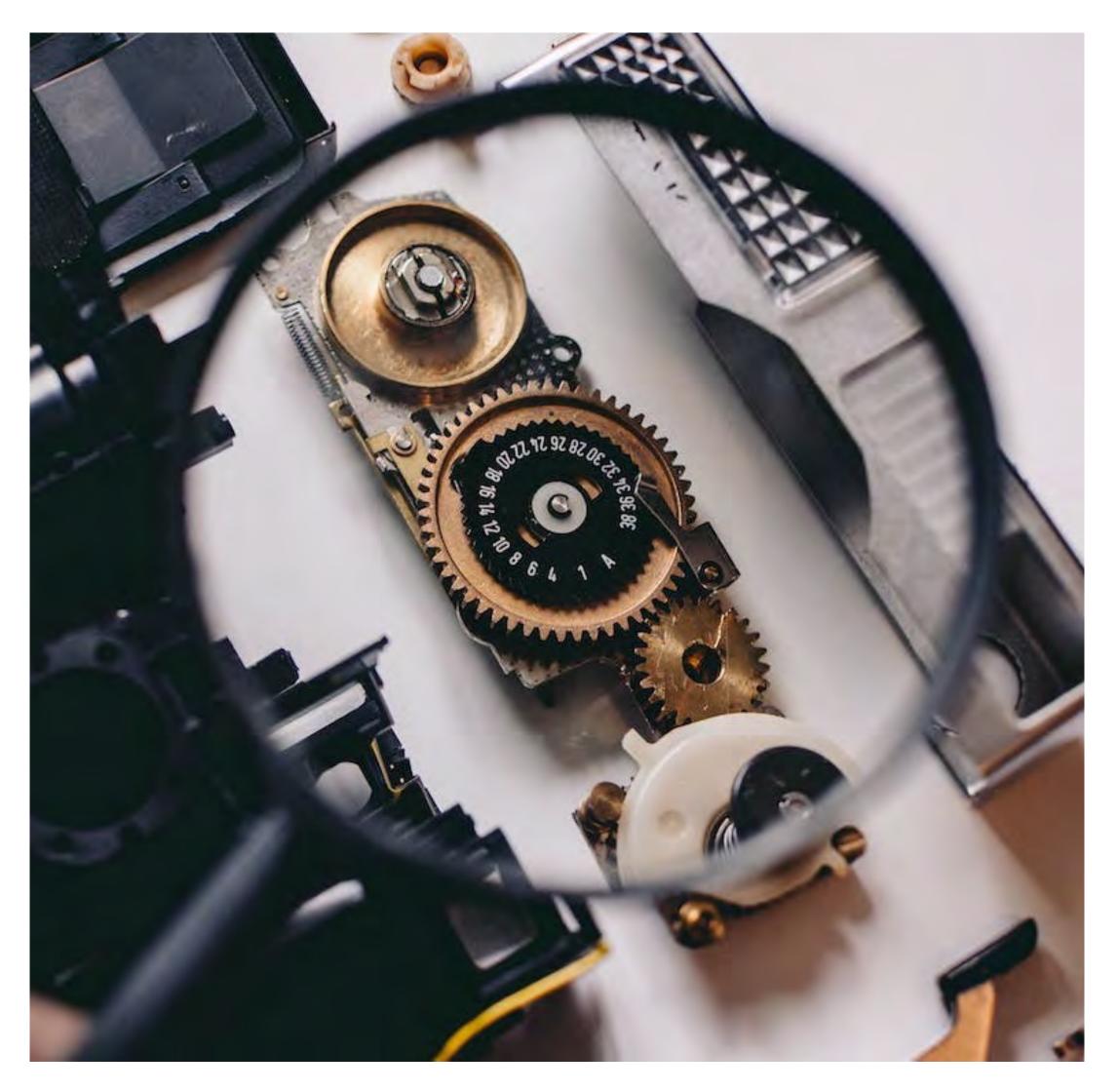
"In distributed systems, observability is the ability to collect data about program execution, internal states of modules, and communication between components. To improve observability, software engineers use a wide range of logging and tracing techniques and tools."

-- https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Event_monitoring









The 3 pillars of Observability

- 1. Metrics
- 2. Logging
- 3. Tracing









System metrics

- CPU, memory, etc.
- Higher-level metrics
 - Requests per second, HTTP status code, etc.







Logging

What to log

- Auto vs. manual
- Sensitive data
- Logging format
 - Human readable vs. JSON
- Where to log
 - Console vs. log files
- Logs aggregation FTW







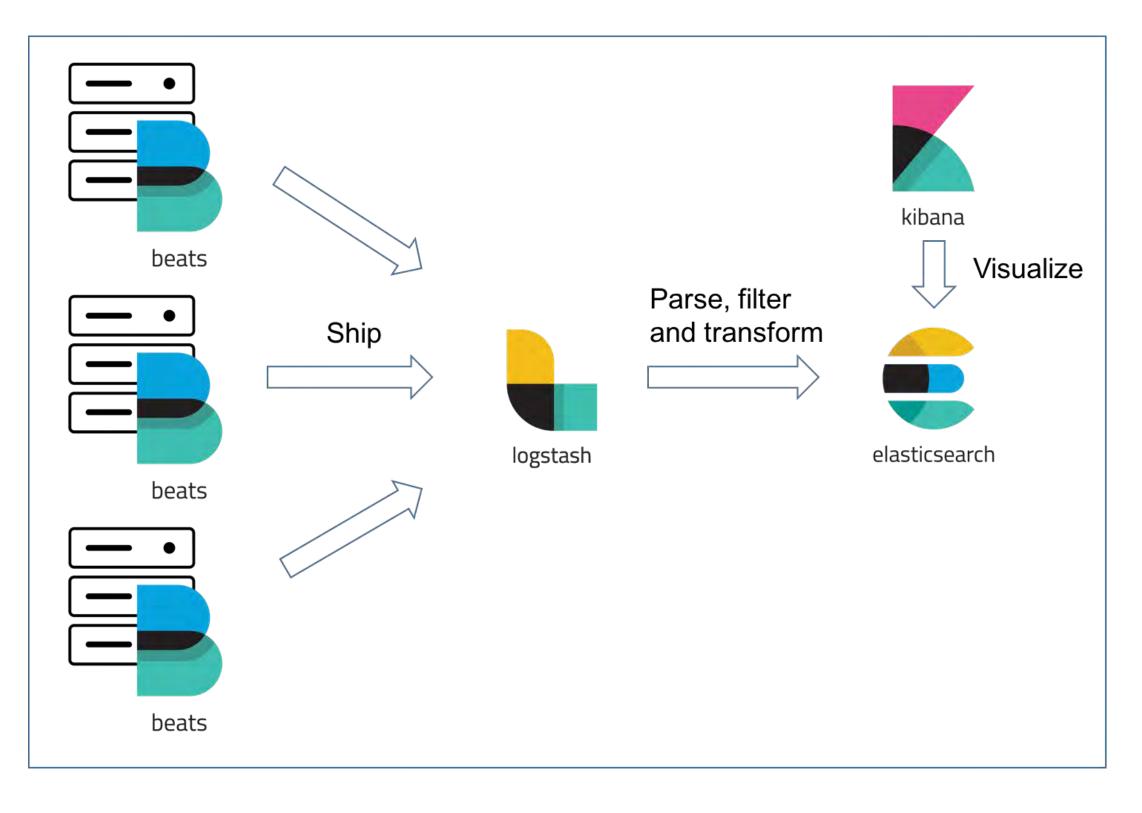
Centralized logging systems

Get the log

- Scrape vs. Send
- Parse the log
 - Structured vs. unstructured
- Store the log
- Search the log
- Display the log

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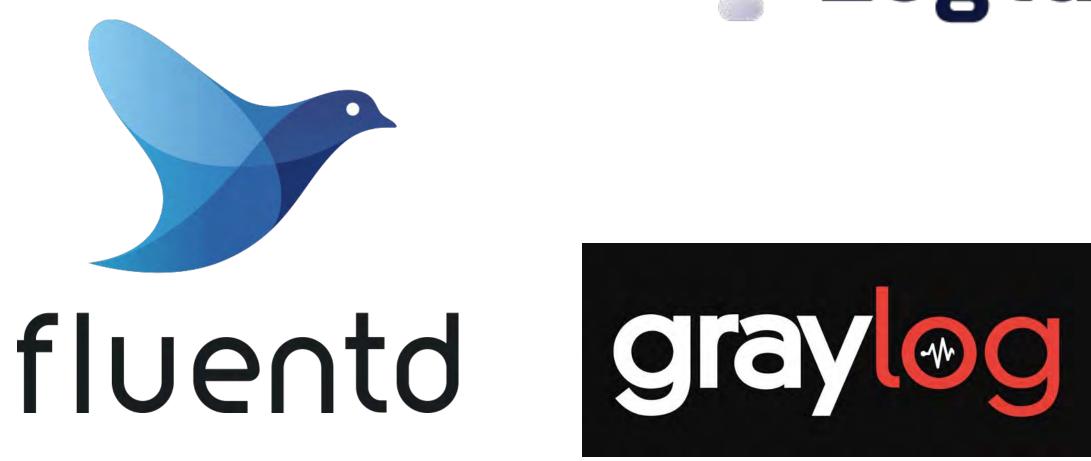


Some centralized logging systems

















Logtail





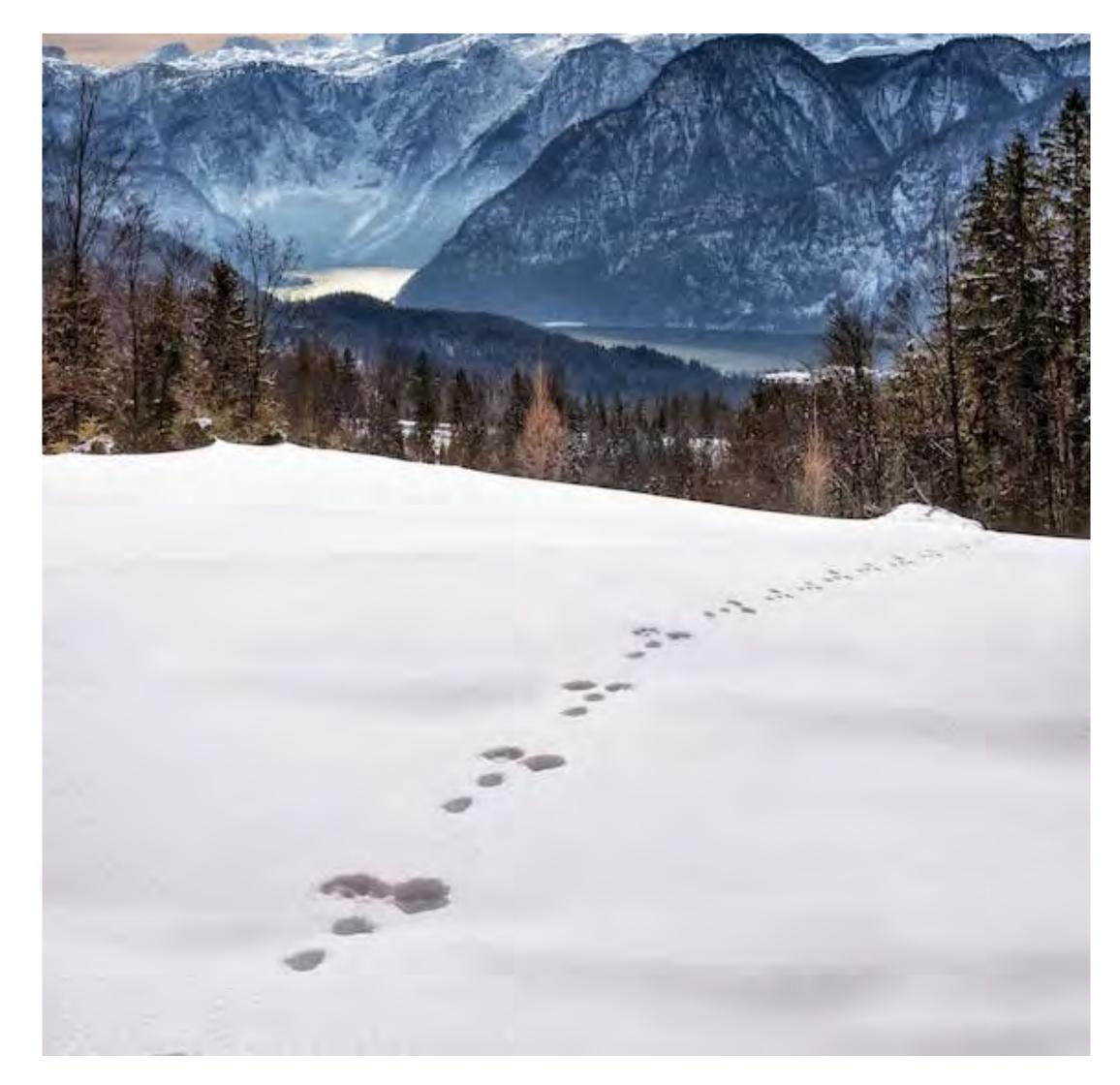
Tracing

"In software engineering, tracing involves a specialized use of logging to record information about a program's execution. [...] Tracing is a cross-cutting concern."

-- https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Tracing_(software)

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Tracing

"Set of techniques and tools that help follow a business request through multiple components across the network"

-- Me (inspired by lots of others I don't remember the name of)







Tracing pioneers











AEGER

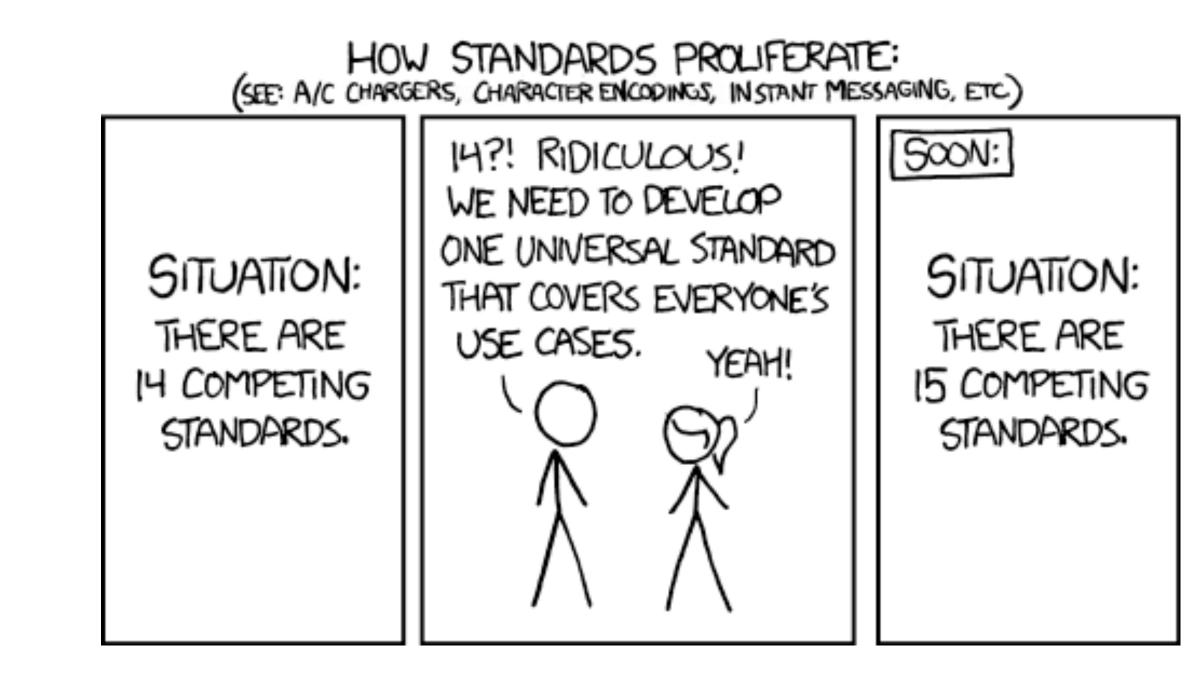
The W3C Trace Context specification

"This specification defines standard HTTP headers and a value format to propagate context information that enables distributed tracing scenarios. The specification standardizes how context information is sent and modified between services. Context information uniquely identifies individual requests in a distributed system and also defines a means to add and propagate provider-specific context information."

https://www.w3.org/TR/trace-context/







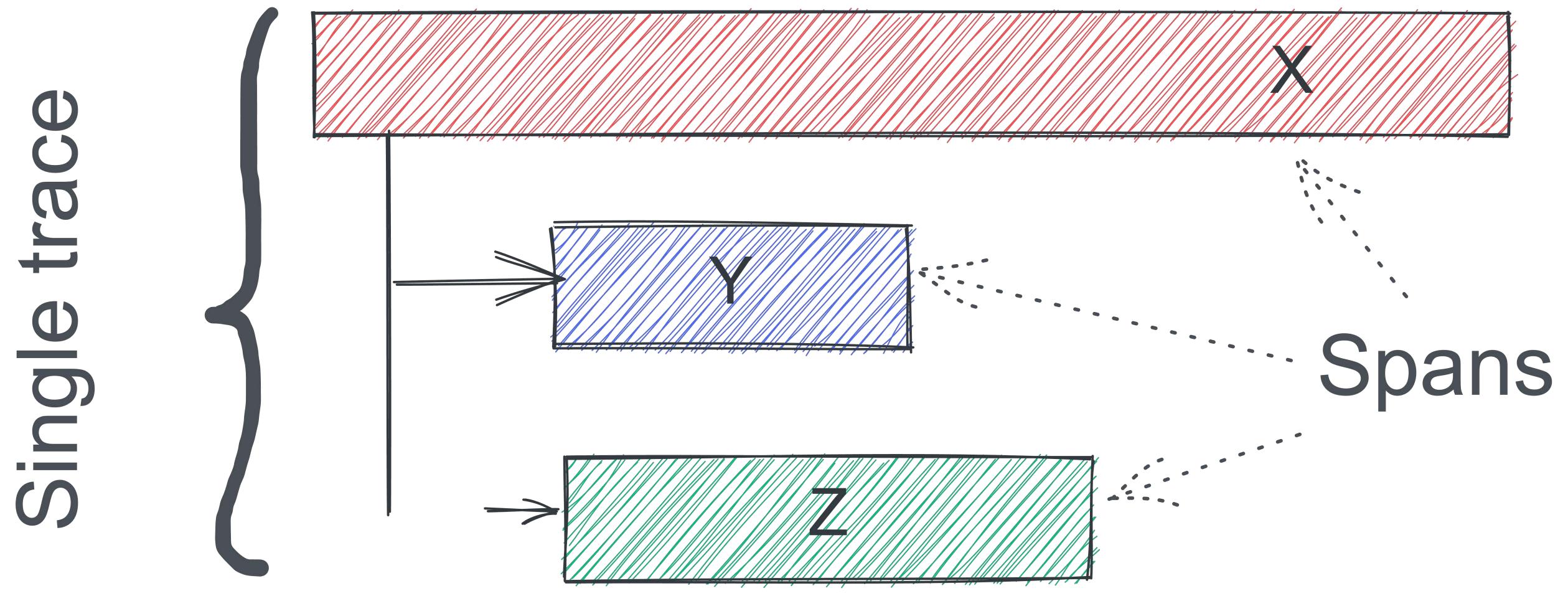
Trace: follows the path of a request that spans multiple components

Span: bound to a single component and linked to another span by a childparent relationship















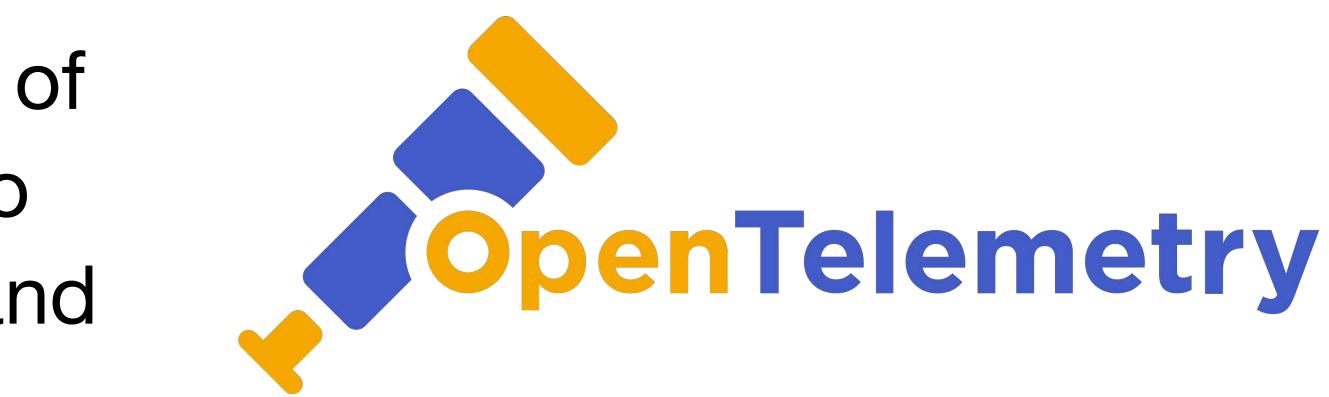


"OpenTelemetry is a collection of tools, APIs, and SDKs. Use it to instrument, generate, collect, and export telemetry data (metrics, logs, and traces) to help you analyze your software's performance and behavior."

-- https://opentelemetry.io/









OpenTelemetry

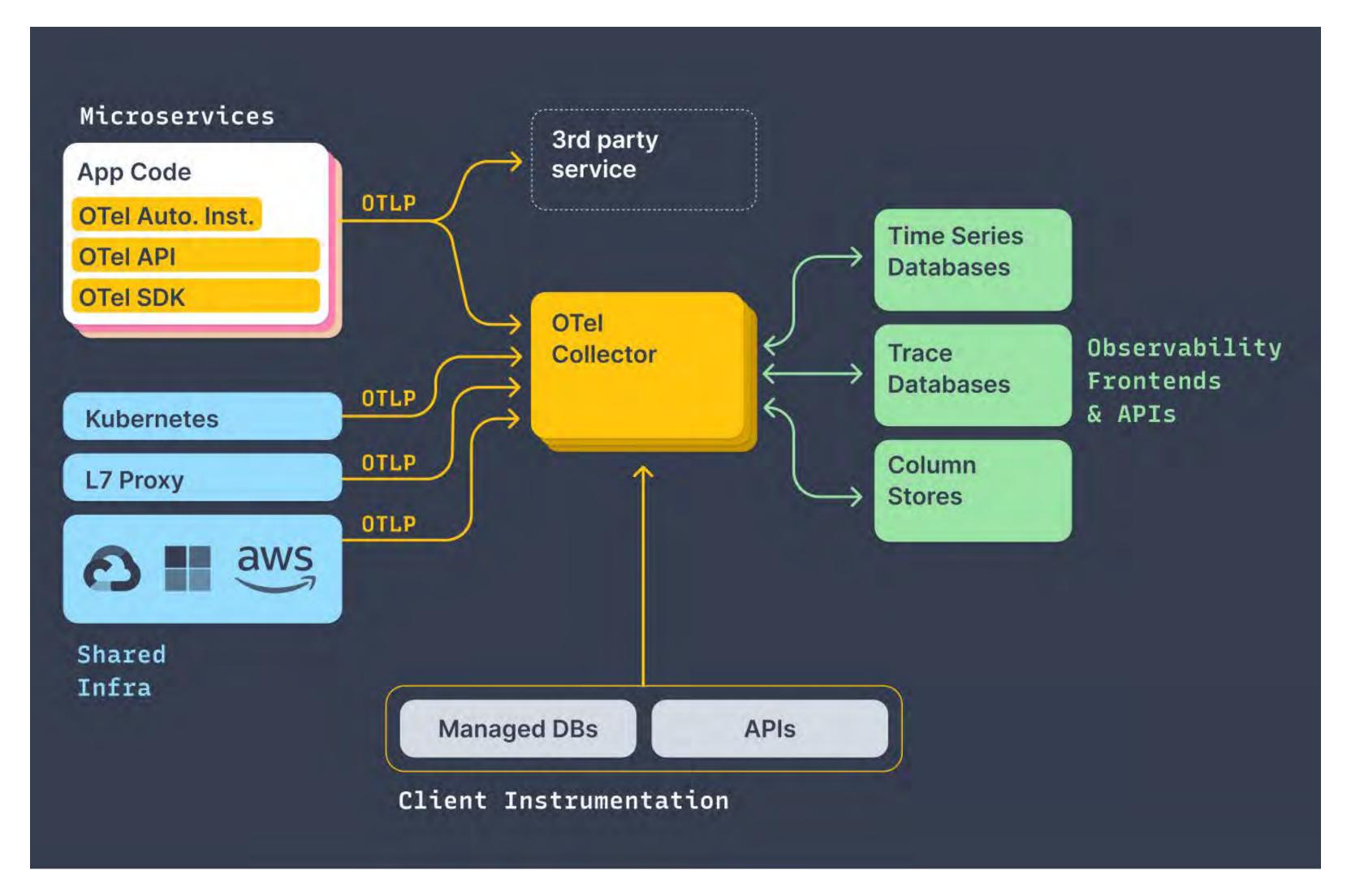
- Implements W3C Trace Context
- Merge of OpenTracing and OpenCensus
- CNCF project
- Apache v2 license
- 1.3k followers on GitHub







OpenTelemetry architecture







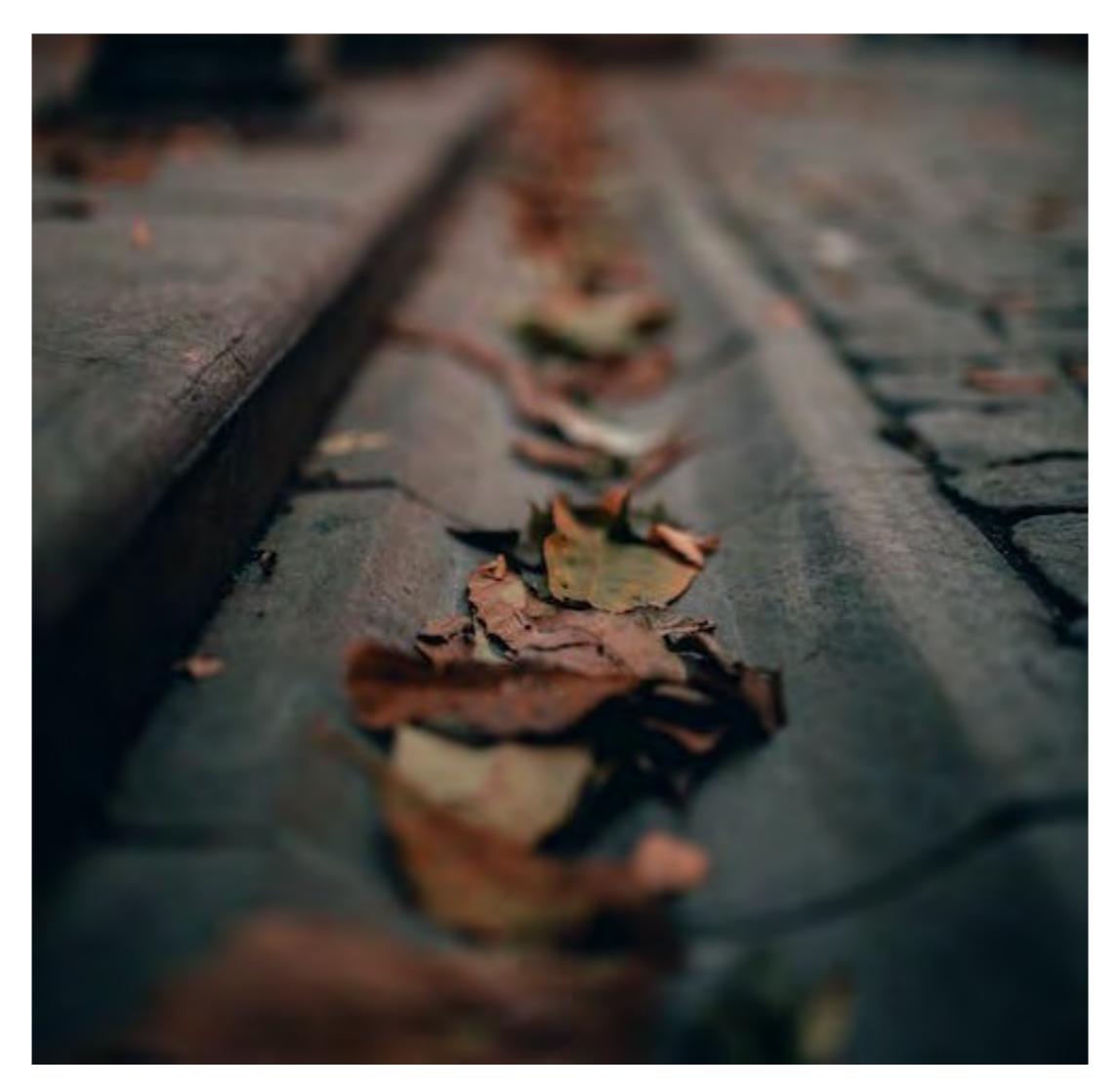
Life after the OTEL collector

OTEL provides a collector

- Jaeger and Zipkin provide compatible collectors
 - Continue using your existing tracing provider!







Auto-instrumentation vs. manual instrumentation

Auto-instrumentation

• Via the runtime

Manual instrumentation

Library dependency + API









Benefits of auto-instrumentation

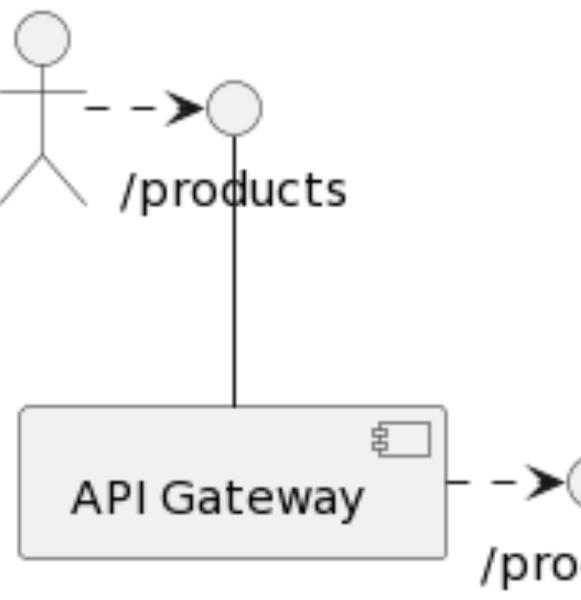
Low-hanging fruit No coupling

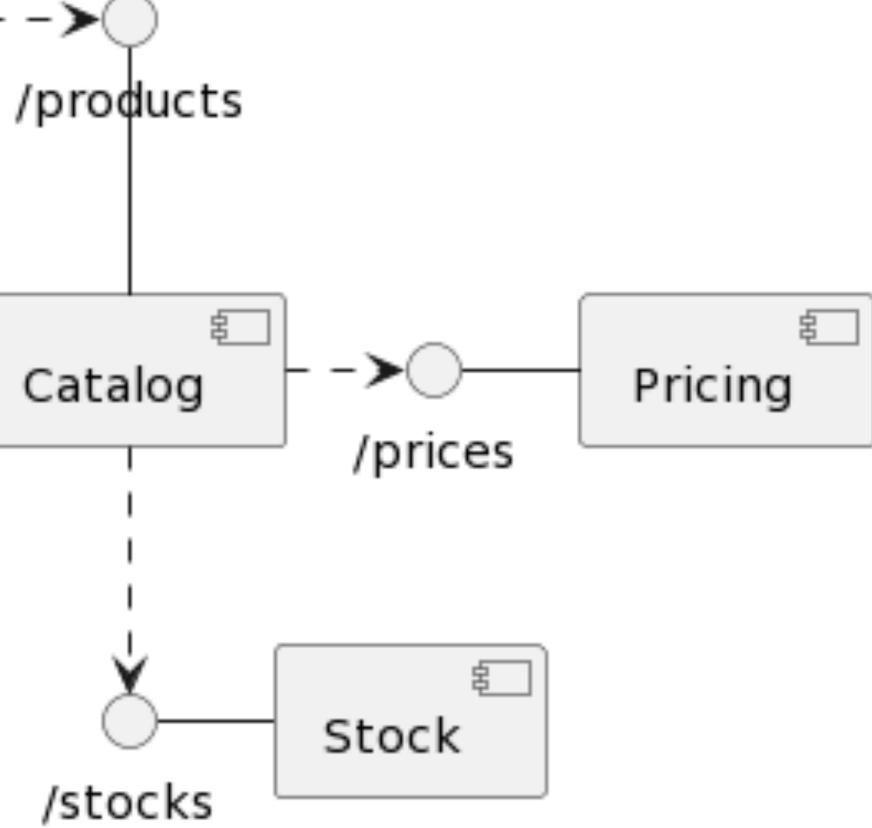


















The most important part as it generates the first ID

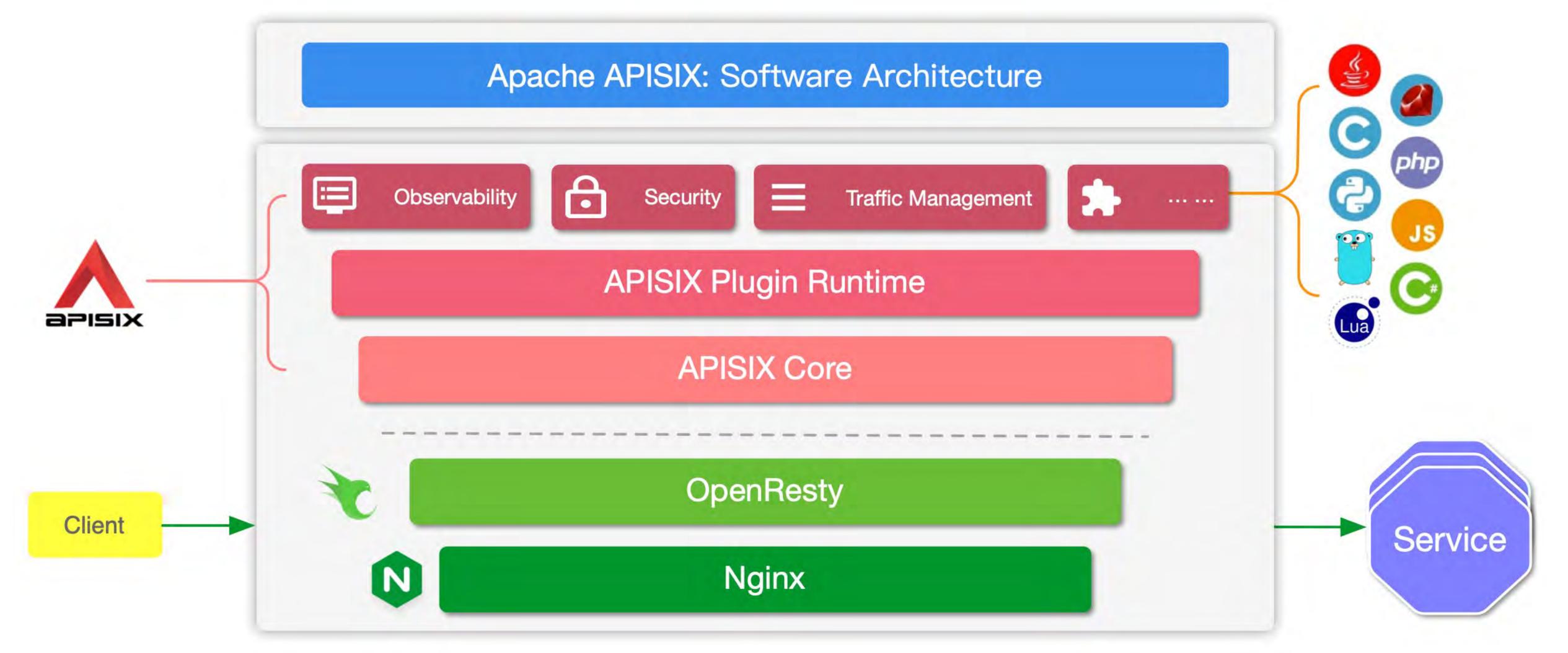
Reverse proxy/API Gateway







Apache APISIX, an API Gateway the Apache way







General configuration









Per-route (or global rule) configuration

plugins: opentelemetry: sampler: name: always_on additional_attributes: - route_id - request_method - http_x-ot-key















/products

	-
V	Tags

http_x-ot-key	Hello World	
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internal.span.format proto

otel.library.name opentelemetry-lua

request_method GET

route

route_id

service

span.kind

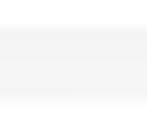
routes#1

server

> Process: hostname = 813531c9b4b9 telemetry.sdk.language = lua









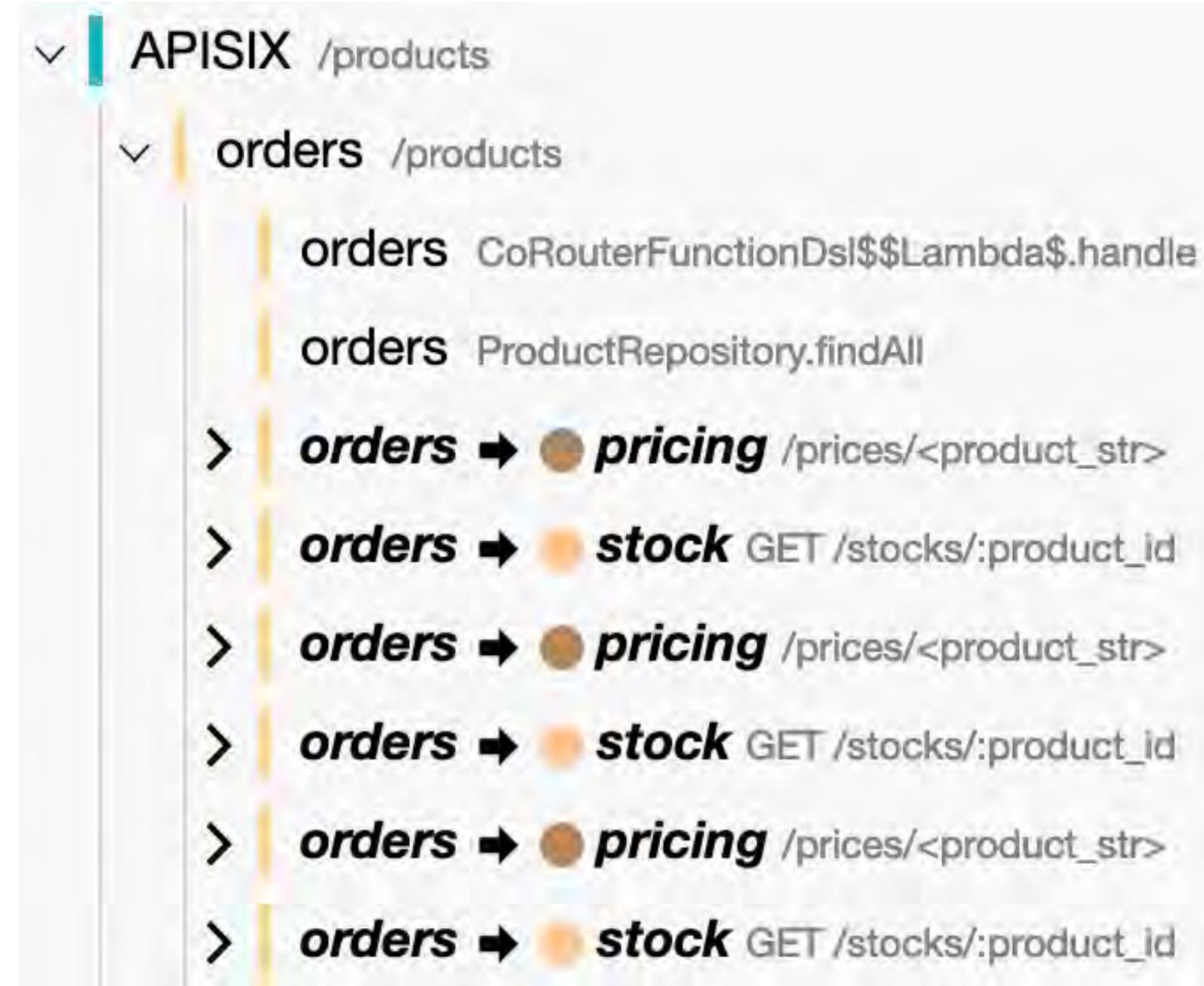
JVM auto-instrumentation implementation

- Via a Java agent:
 - -javaagent:otel.jar
- Regardless of:
 - The language
 - The framework









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JVM explicit instrumentation

Requires the OTEL dependencyUsage:

- Annotations
- API call





Annotations

@WithSpan("ProductHandler.fetch") private suspend fun fetchProductDetails(@SpanAttribute("id") id: Long, product: Product) { // ...







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ProductHandler.fetch

lays	V	Tags
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thread.name	reactor-http-epoll-2
thread.id	25
span.kind	internal
otel.library.version	1.22.1-alpha
otel.library.name	<pre>io.opentelemetry.opentelemetry-inst</pre>
internal.span.format	proto
id	1
code.namespace	ch.frankel.catalog.ProductHandler
code.function	fetchProductDetails

> Process: container.id = 9762d0777f5d81f1db63cd8f6b523b53e



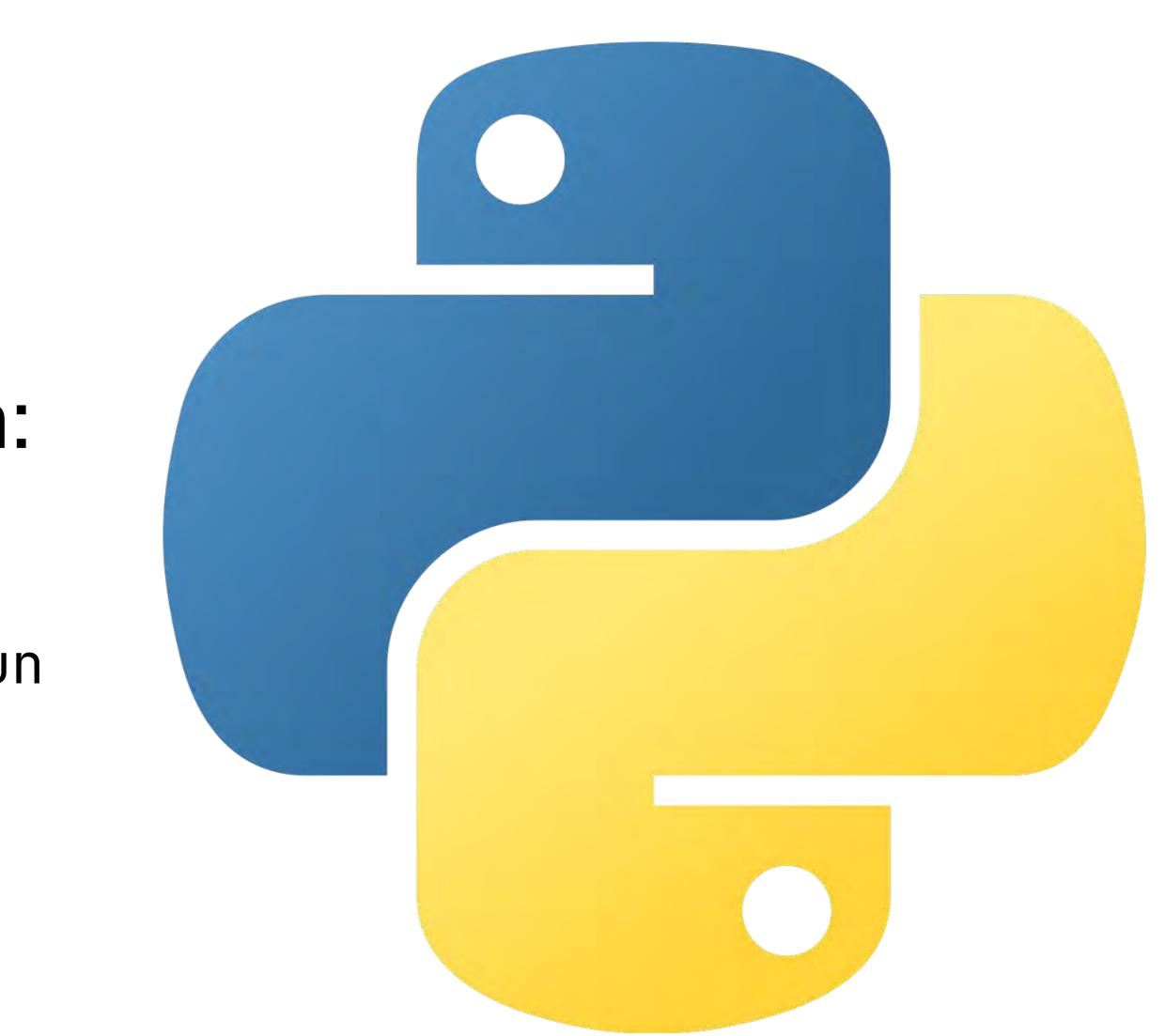
Python auto-instrumentation

Add the OTEL dependencyRun with the instrumentation:

>opentelemetry-instrument flask run









1	/		



Mod .

/prices/<product_str>

✓ Tags	
http.flavor	1.1
http.host	pricing:5000
http.method	GET
http.route	/prices/ <product_str></product_str>
http.scheme	http
http.server_name	0.0.0
http.status_code	200
http.target	/prices/1
http.user_agent	ReactorNetty/1.1.1
internal.span.format	proto
net.host.port	5000
net.peer.ip	172.27.0.5
net.peer.port	43238
otel.library.name	opentelemetry.instrumentation.flask
otel.library.version	0.36b0
anan kind	CONVON.



Explicit API

from opentelemetry import trace

tracer = trace.get_tracer(__name__)

with tracer.start_as_current_span(attributes={":id": 1}): #do under the span





- "SELECT * FROM PRICE WHERE ID=:id",



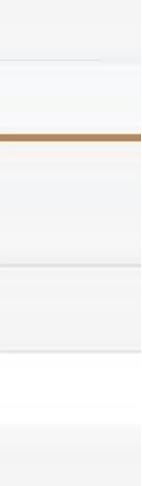


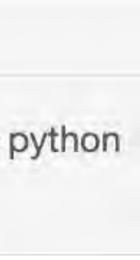


SELECT * FROM PRICE WHERE ID=:id

∨ Tags	
:id	1
internal.span.format	proto
otel.library.name	app
span.kind	internal

> Process: telemetry.auto.version = 0.36b0 telemetry.sdk.language = python





Rust

Rust compiles to native:

- No runtime
- Needs explicit calls







Finding the relevant Cargo dependency

It's not trivial!

axum-tracing-opentelemetry = { version = "0.7", features = ["otlp"] }



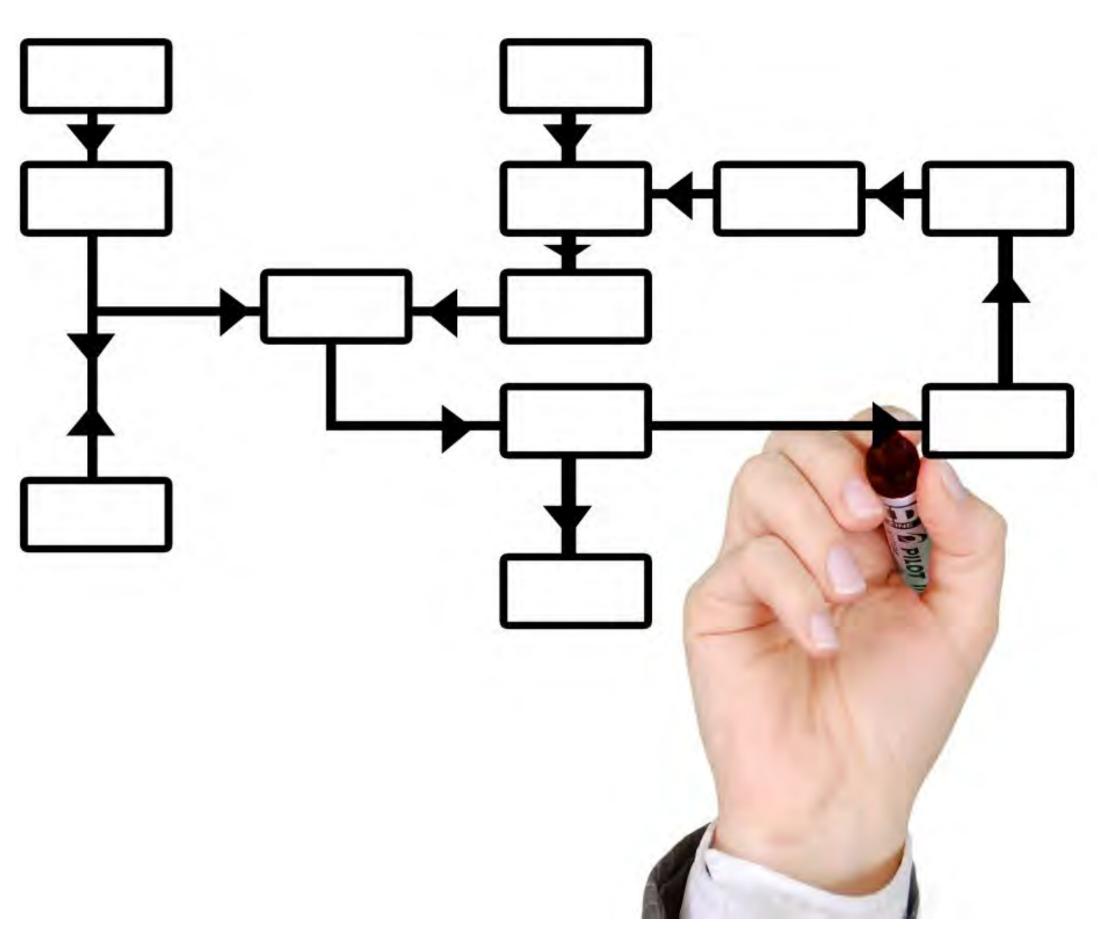




Initialize the library Configure axum Clean stop









let app = axum::Router::new()





.route("/stocks/:id", get(get_by_id)) .layer(response_with_trace_layer()) .layer(opentelemetry_tracing_layer());

stock GET /stocks/:product_id	
	GET /
	✓ Tags
	busy_n
	code.fil
	code.lin
	code.na
	http.clie
	http.flav
	http.hos
	http.me
	http.rou
	http.sch
	http.sta
	http.tan
	http.use
	idle_ns
	internal





/stocks/:product_id

igs	
y_ns	342915
e.filepath	/usr/local/cargo/registry/src/github.com-1ecc6299db9ec823
e.lineno	139
e.namespace	<pre>axum_tracing_opentelemetry::middleware::trace_extractor</pre>
.client_ip	
flavor	1.1
.host	stock:3000
.method	GET
.route	<pre>/stocks/:product_id</pre>
scheme	HTTP
.status_code	200
.target	/stocks/2
.user_agent	ReactorNetty/1.1.1
_ns	178168
rnal.span.format	proto









Thanks for your attention!

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- https://apisix.apache.org/







