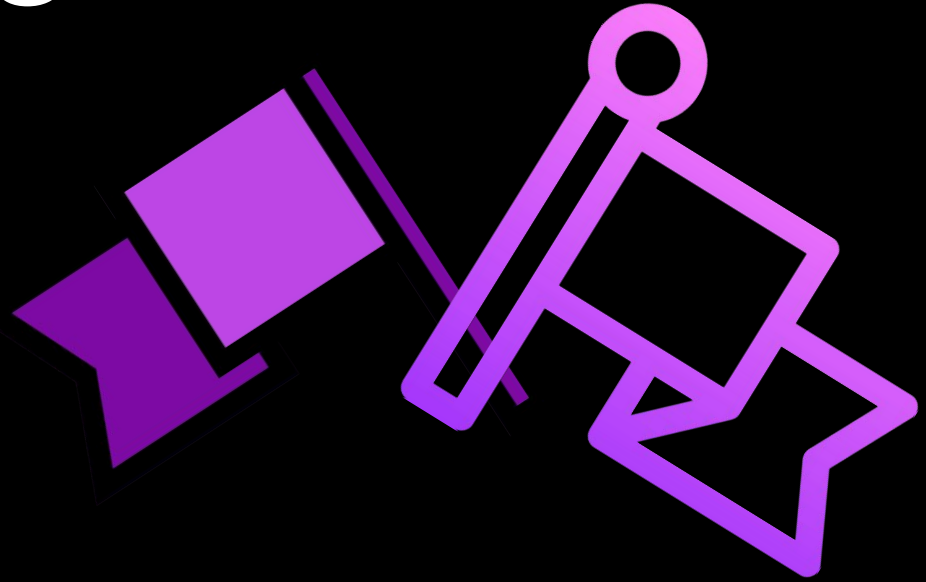


# Feature Flags in Terraform



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# About me



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# Key topics for discussion

- > Feature flags and why should we use them ?
- > Implementations of feature toggles in Terraform
- > Pass feature flags from config file
- > Demo

# What is Terraform ?



**Infrastructure  
as Code**



**API driven**



**Declarative  
code using HCL**

# What are feature flags ?



Enable feature without additional code



Also known as “toggles” or “switches”



Controlled operation



Passed from **config files**, **env variables** or dedicated feature flag management platforms like **Launchdarkly**



# Why should we use feature flags in IaasC ?

- > Increased flexibility
- > Selectively provision resource
- > Improved scalability
- > Better control over deployments
- > Improved safety
- > Effective debugging

Enough already ...



# The `count` Meta-Argument

`count` is a meta-argument defined by the Terraform language. It can be used with modules and with every resource type.

Creates specified number of identical resources

`count = 0` => No resource creation

```
resource "aws_instance" "server" {  
  count = 4  
  
  ami      = "ami-a1b2c3d4"  
  instance_type = "t2.micro"  
  
  tags = {  
    Name = "Server ${count.index}"  
  }  
}
```



# Conditional Expression

Conditional expressions are used to evaluate boolean expressions

Selects one of two values based on the boolean expression

```
condition ? true_val : false_val
```

# Conditional expressions

`count` is a meta-argument defined by the Terraform language. It can be used with modules and with every resource type.

```
resource "aws_instance" "server" {  
  count = 4  
  
  ami      = "ami-a1b2c3d4"  
  instance_type = "t2.micro"  
  
  tags = {  
    Name = "Server ${count.index}"  
  }  
}
```

Count + Conditional Expression = Feature flags

# Environment toggles

Enable or disable specific feature or functionality based on environment.

```
variable "env" {  
  type = string  
  default = "dev"  
}
```

```
resource "digitalocean_droplet" "puny_vm" {  
  image = "ubuntu-18-04-x64"  
  count = var.env == "dev" ? 1 : 0  
  name = "puny_vm"  
  region = "nyc2"  
  size = "s-1vcpu-1gb"  
}
```

```
resource "digitalocean_droplet" "beefy_vm" {  
  image = "ubuntu-18-04-x64"  
  count = var.env == "prod" ? 3 : 0  
  name = "beefy_vm"  
  region = "nyc2"  
  size = "s-4vcpu-8gb"  
}
```

# Resource toggles

Toggle resource creation based on a dedicated feature flag

```
locals {  
  feature_flags = {  
    provision_lb : false  
  }  
}
```

```
resource "digitalocean_loadbalancer" "public" {  
  name   = "loadbalancer-1"  
  region = "nyc3"
```

```
count = var.provision_lb ? 1 : 0
```

```
forwarding_rule {  
  entry_port   = 80  
  entry_protocol = "http"  
  target_port  = 80  
  target_protocol = "http"  
}
```

```
healthcheck {  
  port    = 22  
  protocol = "tcp"  
}  
droplet_ids = var.droplets_id[*]  
}
```

# Module toggles

Toggle modules based on a dedicated feature flag

```
locals {  
  feature_flags = {  
    provision_db : false  
  }  
}
```

```
module "lb" {  
  source = "../modules/loadbalancer"  
  
  count = local.config.feature_flags.provision_lb ? 1 : 0  
  
  do_token = var.do_token  
  droplets_id = module.droplet.droplets_id  
}
```

# There are more...

Blue green deployment using DO floating IPs

Canary release using AWS ALB target groups



# Organising feature flags

Define feature flags directly on the Terraform configuration file using `local` variable

```
locals {  
  feature_flags = {  
    provision_lb : false  
    provision_db : false  
  }  
}
```



```
> local.feature_flags.provision_lb  
false
```

**main.tf**



# Organising feature flags

Pass feature flags  
using `config.yaml`  
file

```
---
env: "dev"
feature_flags:
  provision_lb: false
  provision_db: false
regions:
  - name: "us-east-1"
    vpcs:
      - name: "vpc-use1-vpc"
        cidr_supernet: "10.0.0.0/16"
        availability_zones:
          - name: "us-east-1a"
            netblocks:
              cidr_subnet_public: "10.0.0.0/20"
              cidr_subnet_private: "10.0.16.0/20"
```

# Organising feature flags

Pass feature flags  
using `config.yaml`  
file

```
locals {  
  config = yamldecode(file("config.yaml"))  
}
```

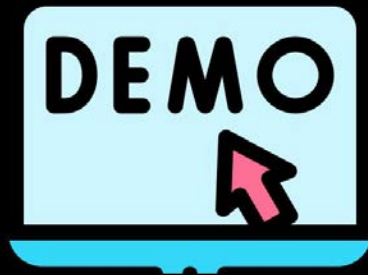
`locals.tf`



```
module "droplet" {  
  source = "../modules/droplet"  
  do_token = var.do_token  
  env = local.config.env  
}
```

`modules.tf`

# Demo



# Key takeaways

- > Feature flags is a powerful technique for managing resources using infra as code
- > We should start using it as part of infra as code.
- > Helps to improve safety, scalability and maintainability of your infrastructure

# Source code



<https://github.com/pgaijin66/feature-flags-in-terraform>

# References


- > <https://www.hashicorp.com/blog/terraform-feature-toggles-blue-green-deployments-canary-test>
- > <https://build5nines.com/terraform-feature-flags-environment-toggle-design-patterns/>
- > <https://objectpartners.com/2021/10/19/feature-flags-in-terraform/>
- > <https://developer.hashicorp.com/terraform/language/meta-arguments/count>

**Thank you for listening**  
**Let's connect**



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