

Building ML environments for regulatory customers

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The reach of ML is growing



INCREASED SPENDING

By 2024, global spending on artificial intelligence will reach \$110 billion

—IDC



FROM PILOTING TO OPERATIONALISING

By the end of 2024, 75% of enterprises will shift from piloting to operationalising AI

—Gartner

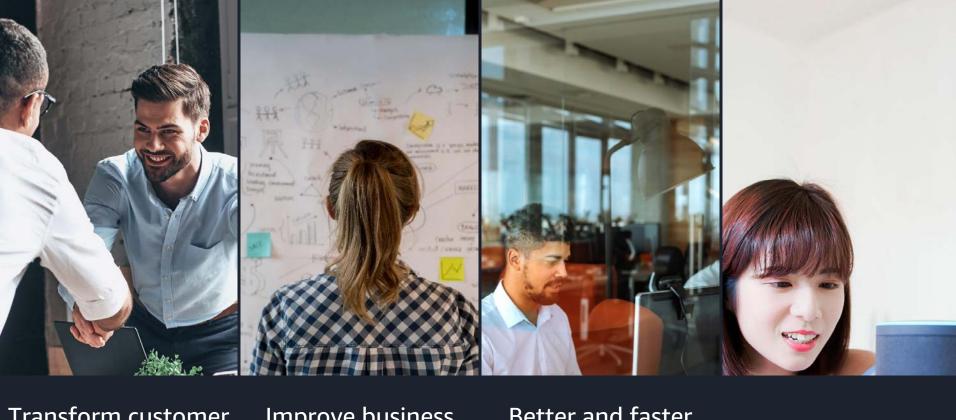


AI TRANSFORMATION

57% said that AI would transform their organisation in the next three years

—Deloitte





Transform customer experience

Improve business operations

Better and faster decision-making

Innovation

More than one hundred thousand customers use AWS for machine learning





Machine Learning on AWS



The AWS ML stack





The AWS ML stack





Amazon SageMaker: Built to make ML more accessible





INTEGRATED WORKBENCH

IDE designed specifically for ML, data preparation, experiment management, and pipelines

MANAGED INFRASTRUCTURE

Designed for ultra low latency and high throughput; automatic scaling, and distributed training

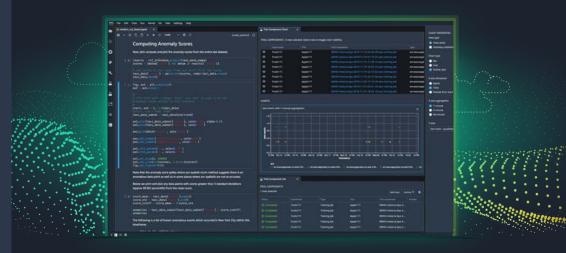
MANAGED TOOLING

Purpose-built from the ground up to work together incl. Autopilot, collaboration, notebooks, experiments, debugger, and model monitor

https://aws.amazon.com/sagemaker

Amazon SageMaker

Most complete, end-to-end ML service



Amazon SageMaker Overview





Enabling ML for customers



What did our customers want?

Customers asked for a solution that would enable business data scientists to deliver secure machine learning-based solutions that are trained on highly sensitive company and customer data.



What are the requirements?

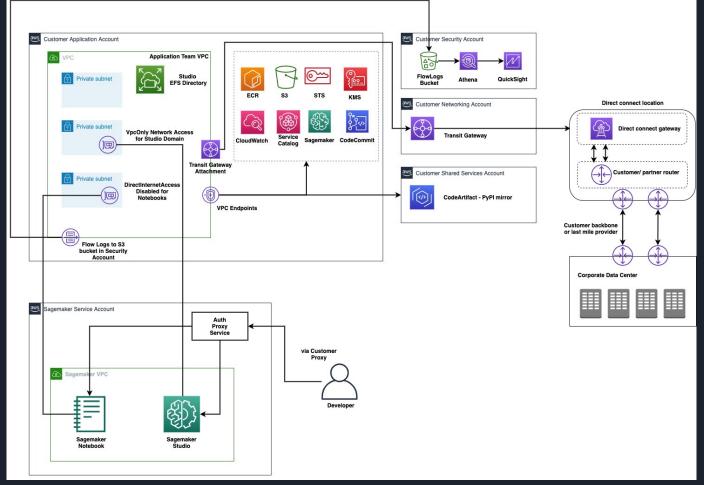
- No internet connectivity in AWS accounts
- Self-service model for provisioning AWS ML resources
- Centralised governance and guardrails for the infrastructure
- Observability of the solution



Target Architecture

- Multi-account structure leveraging AWS Organizations
- Private VPC network and all traffic should be over VPC endpoints
- PyPI mirror using AWS Code Artifact
- AWS Service Catalog for provisioning resources
- Amazon CloudWatch for Observability
- Transit Gateway for network connectivity to corporate data center







Simplifying provisioning using AWS Service Catalog



Security

Curation Compliance Standardisation

Speed

Agility Self-Service Time to market



Organisations

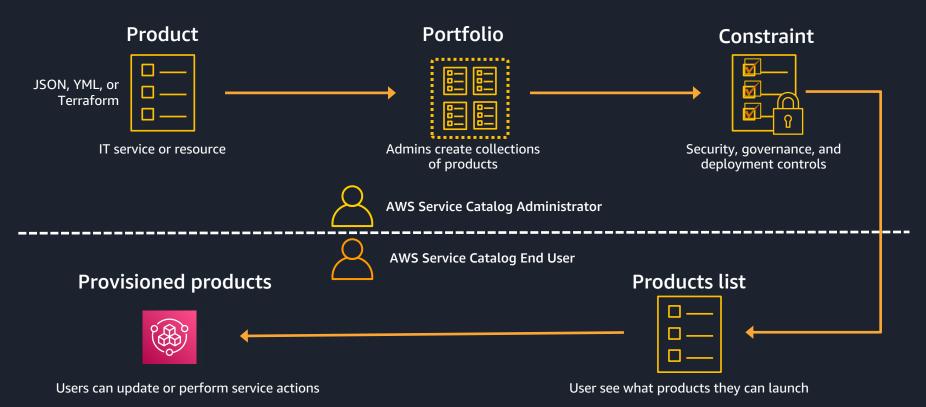
Service catalogs enable organisations to deploy and manage infrastructure and applications that reflect the organisation's security and operational policies



End Users

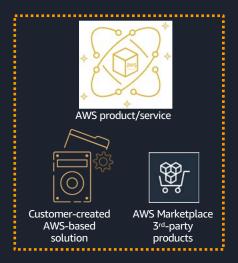


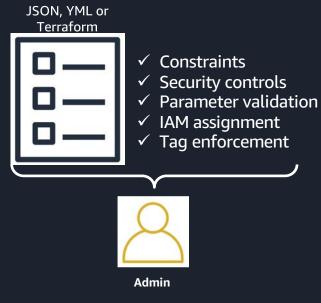
A few terms to note

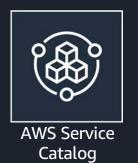


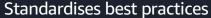


Self-service with preconfigured compliance









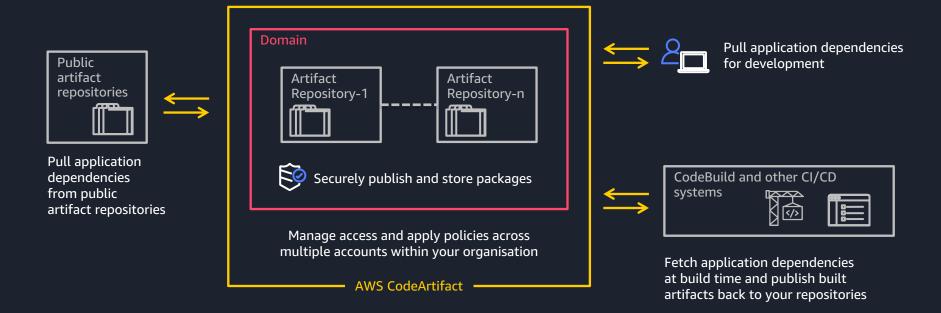


What is AWS CodeArtifact?

- Fully-managed artifact repository service
- Supports NPM, Maven, Python, NuGet package formats
- Currently works with Maven, Gradle, npm, yarn, twine, and pip
- Pay as you go, no upfront license fees



AWS CodeArtifact overview





Build infrastructure using AWS CloudFormation



Private VPC networking

```
PrivateSubnet1:

Type: AWS::EC2::Subnet

Properties:

VpcId: !Ref VPC

AvailabilityZone: !Select [ 0, !GetAZs "" ]

CidrBlock:

!Select [ 0, !Cidr [ !Ref VpcCIDR, !Ref SubnetCount, !Ref CidrMask ]

MapPublicIpOnLaunch: false

Tags:

- Key: "Name"

Value: "SagemakerEnv Private Subnet1"
```

```
SageMakerSecurityGroup:
 Type: AWS::EC2::SecurityGroup
 Properties:
   GroupDescription: Security Group for SageMaker Notebook,
     Endpoint
   VpcId: !Ref VPC
   SecurityGroupIngress:
     - IpProtocol: "tcp"
       FromPort: 443
       ToPort: 443
       CidrIp: !Ref VpcCIDR
       Description: "Allows HTTPS traffic from VPC"
   SecurityGroupEgress:
     - IpProtocol: "tcp"
       FromPort: 443
       ToPort: 443
       CidrIp: !Ref VpcCIDR
       Description: "Allows HTTPS traffic to VPC"
```



Enable VPC endpoints

```
SagemakerRuntimeVPCEndpoint:

Type: AWS::EC2::VPCEndpoint

Properties:

VpcEndpointType: Interface
VpcId: !Ref VPC
SubnetIds:

- !Ref PrivateSubnet1

- !Ref PrivateSubnet2

- !Ref PrivateSubnet3

ServiceName: !Sub 'com.amazonaws.${AWS::Region}.sagemaker.runtime'
SecurityGroupIds:

- !GetAtt SageMakerSecurityGroup.GroupId

- !GetAtt VPC.DefaultSecurityGroup
PrivateDnsEnabled: true
```

```
SagemakerAPIVPCEndpoint:

Type: AWS::EC2::VPCEndpoint
Properties:

VpcEndpointType: Interface
VpcId: !Ref VPC
SubnetIds:

- !Ref PrivateSubnet1

- !Ref PrivateSubnet2

- !Ref PrivateSubnet3
ServiceName: !Sub 'com.amazonaws.${AWS::Region}.sagemaker.api'
SecurityGroupIds:

- !GetAtt SageMakerSecurityGroup.GroupId

- !GetAtt VPC.DefaultSecurityGroup
PrivateDnsEnabled: true
```



Enable VPC flow logs

```
FlowLogDeliveringToS3:
  Type: AWS::EC2::FlowLog
  Properties:
    ResourceId: !Ref VPC
    ResourceType: VPC
    LogDestinationType: s3
    LogDestination: !Sub "arn:aws:s3:::DOC-EXAMPLE-BUCKET/flow-logs/${AWS::AccountId}/"
    TrafficType: ALL
    MaxAggregationInterval: 60
    Tags:
      - Key: "Name"
        Value: "FlowLogsForVPC"
      - Key: "Purpose"
        Value: "AllTraffic"
```



Amazon Sagemaker studio and notebook

```
SagemakerNotebook:
 Type: AWS::SageMaker::NotebookInstance
  Properties:
    DirectInternetAccess: Disabled
    InstanceType: !Ref InstanceType
    KmsKevId: !GetAtt SagemakerNotebookCMK.Arn
    RoleArn: !GetAtt SagemakerNotebookRole.Arn
    RootAccess: Disabled
    SecurityGroupIds:
      - Fn::ImportValue:
          "SagemakerEnv-SageMakerDefaultSecurityGroupId"
      - Fn::ImportValue:
          "SagemakerEnv-SageMakerSecurityGroupId"
    SubnetId:
      Fn::ImportValue:
        !Sub "SagemakerEnv-${SubnetIdSuffix}"
    VolumeSizeInGB: !Ref VolumeSize
```

```
StudioDomain:
  Type: AWS::SageMaker::Domain
  Properties:
    AppNetworkAccessType: VpcOnly
    AuthMode: IAM
    DomainName: !Ref DomainName
    DefaultUserSettings:
      ExecutionRole: !GetAtt SagemakerStudioExecutionRole.Arn
      SecurityGroups:
        - Fn::ImportValue:
            "SagemakerEnv-SageMakerSecurityGroupId"
        - Fn::ImportValue:
            "SagemakerEnv-SageMakerDefaultSecurityGroupId"
    VpcId:
      Fn::ImportValue:
        "SagemakerEnv-SagemakerVPCId"
    SubnetIds:
      - Fn::ImportValue:
          "SagemakerEnv-SagemakerPrivateSubnet1Id"
```



Service control policies for data

```
"Effect": "Deny",
"Action": [
  "sagemaker: CreateAutoMLJob",
  "sagemaker:CreateDataQualityJobDefinition",
  "sagemaker:CreateEndpointConfig",
  "sagemaker: CreateHyperParameterTuningJob",
  "sagemaker:CreateLabelingJob",
  "sagemaker:CreateModelBiasJobDefinition",
  "sagemaker: CreateModelExplainabilityJobDefinition",
  "sagemaker: CreateModelQualityJobDefinition",
  "sagemaker: CreateMonitoringSchedule",
  "sagemaker:CreateProcessingJob",
  "sagemaker:CreateTrainingJob",
  "sagemaker: CreateTransformJob",
  "sagemaker: UpdateMonitoringSchedule"
"Resource": "*",
"Condition": {
  "Null": {
    "sagemaker: VolumeKmsKey": "true"
```

```
"Effect": "Deny",
"Action": [
  "sagemaker: CreateAutoMLJob",
  "sagemaker:CreateDataQualityJobDefinition",
  "sagemaker: CreateHyperParameterTuningJob",
  "sagemaker:CreateLabelingJob",
  "sagemaker:CreateModelBiasJobDefinition",
  "sagemaker:CreateModelExplainabilityJobDefinition",
  "sagemaker:CreateModelQualityJobDefinition",
  "sagemaker:CreateMonitoringSchedule",
  "sagemaker:CreateProcessingJob",
  "sagemaker:CreateTrainingJob",
  "sagemaker: CreateTransformJob",
  "sagemaker:UpdateMonitoringSchedule"
],
"Resource": "*",
"Condition": {
  "Null": {
    "sagemaker:OutputKmsKey": "true"
```



Service control policies for traffic and network

```
"Effect": "Deny",
"Action": [
 "sagemaker: CreateAutoMLJob",
  "sagemaker:CreateDataQualityJobDefinition",
 "sagemaker: CreateHyperParameterTuningJob",
 "sagemaker: CreateModelBiasJobDefinition",
  "sagemaker: CreateModelExplainabilityJobDefinition",
 "sagemaker:CreateModelQualityJobDefinition",
 "sagemaker: CreateMonitoringSchedule",
  "sagemaker: CreateProcessingJob",
 "sagemaker:CreateTrainingJob",
 "sagemaker: UpdateMonitoringSchedule"
"Resource": "*",
"Condition": {
 "Bool": {
    "sagemaker:InterContainerTrafficEncryption": "false"
```

```
"Effect": "Deny",
"Action": [
 "sagemaker: CreateDataQualityJobDefinition",
 "sagemaker: CreateHyperParameterTuningJob",
 "sagemaker: CreateModel",
 "sagemaker: CreateModelBiasJobDefinition",
 "sagemaker:CreateModelExplainabilityJobDefinition",
 "sagemaker: CreateModelQualityJobDefinition",
 "sagemaker: CreateMonitoringSchedule",
 "sagemaker:CreateProcessingJob",
 "sagemaker:CreateTrainingJob",
 "sagemaker:UpdateMonitoringSchedule"
"Resource": "*",
"Condition": {
 "Bool": {
    "sagemaker: NetworkIsolation": "false"
```

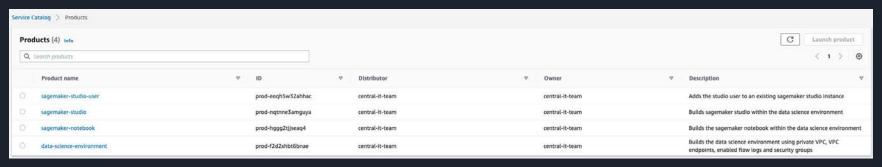


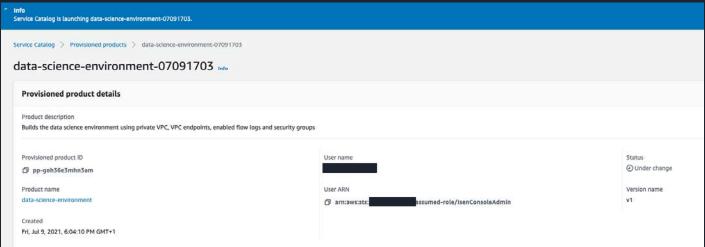
Al services opt-out policies

Certain AWS artificial intelligence (AI) services, may store and use customer content processed by those services for the development and continuous improvement of Amazon AI services and technologies. As an AWS customer, you can choose to opt out of having your content stored or used for service improvements.



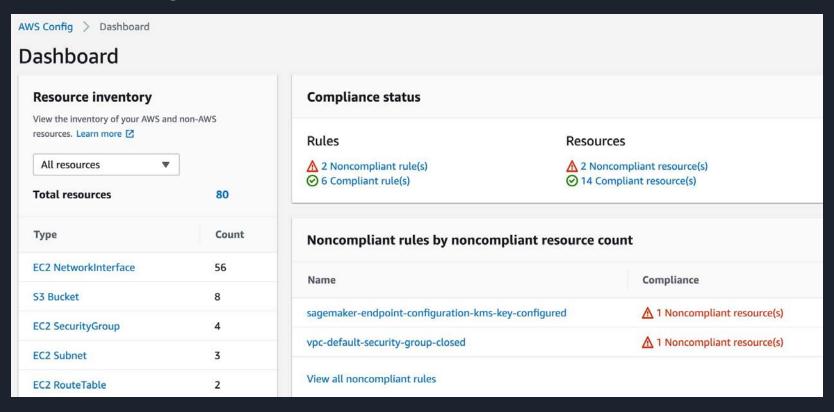
Provision the products using AWS Service Catalog





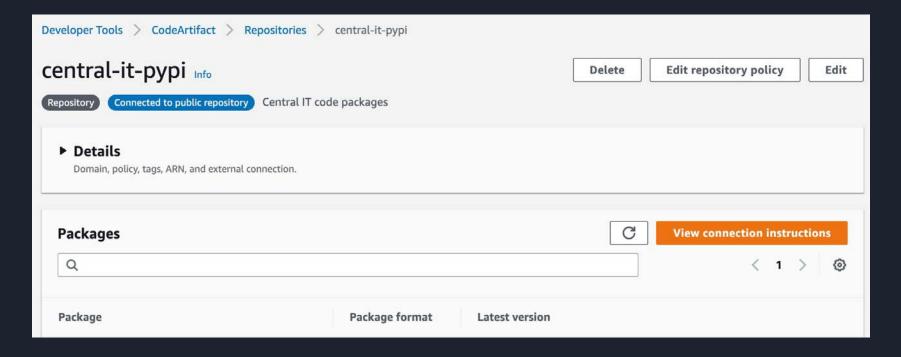


AWS Config – detective controls



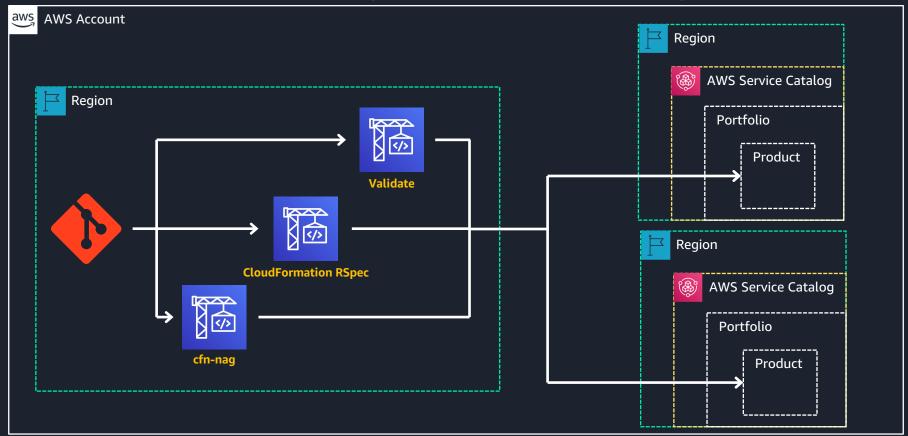


Centralised governance for pip dependencies





AWS CodePipelines using AWS Service Catalog tools





Writing a Jupyter notebook

```
# Initialize boto3 session
boto3 session = boto3.session.Session()
sagemaker_client = boto3.client('sagemaker')
sagemaker_runtime_client = boto3.client('sagemaker-runtime')
# Initialize sagemaker session
session = sagemaker.Session(boto_session=boto3_session,
                            sagemaker_client=sagemaker_client,
                            sagemaker_runtime_client=sagemaker_runtime_client,
                            default bucket='DOC-EXAMPLE-BUCKET')
region = session.boto_region_name
bucket = session.default_bucket()
prefix = 'sagemaker/videogames-xgboost'
role = 'arn:aws:iam::123456789012:role/sagemaker-jobs-role'
print('Region:{}'.format(region))
print('Bucket:{}'.format(bucket))
print('Role:{}'.format(role))
```

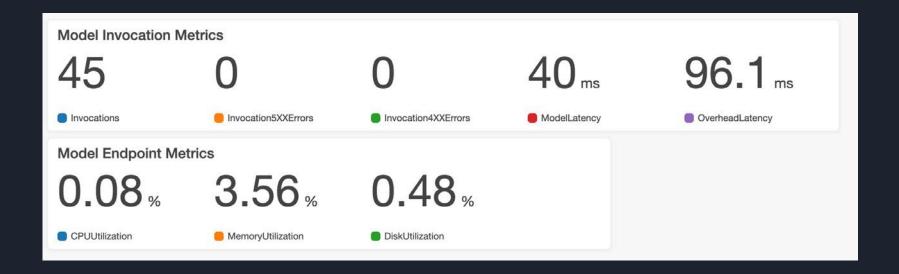


Build the estimator, train and deploy model

```
xgb = sagemaker.estimator.Estimator(image_uri=xgboost_container,
                                    hyperparameters=hyperparameters,
                                    role=role,
                                    base_job_name='DEMO-videogames-xgboost',
                                    instance_count=1,
                                    instance_type='ml.m5.xlarge',
                                    output_path='s3://{}/{}/output'.format(bucket, prefix),
                                    sagemaker_session=session,
                                    encrypt_inter_container_traffic=True,
                                    enable_network_isolation=True,
                                    subnets=['subnet-a46032fc', 'subnet-b46032ec',
                                             'subnet-1122aabb'].
                                    security_group_ids=['sg-e1fb8c9a', 'sg-12345678'],
                                    volume_kms_key='1234abcd-12ab-34cd-56ef-1234567890ab',
                                    output_kms_key='1234abcd-12ab-34cd-56ef-1234567890ab')
```



Monitor the deployed models





What did we learn?

- Use the multi-account org structure to improve security and segregation of responsibilities
- Use SCPs and IAM policies to setup the preventative guardrails
- Leverage AWS Config for the detective controls
- Provide application teams autonomy via self-service products with AWS Service Catalog



References

- Service Catalog Tools https://service-catalog-tools-workshop.com/
- Amazon Sagemaker https://sagemaker-workshop.com/
- GitHub examples https://github.com/aws/amazon-sagemaker-examples
- Whitepaper https://d1.awsstatic.com/whitepapers/machine-learning-in-financial-services-on-aws.pdf



Thank you!



