Building Internal Developer Platforms with Kubernetes Operators

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Agenda

- Internal Developer Platforms
- The Rise of Kubernetes
- Extending Kubernetes
- Example IDP Architecture
- Demo

Internal Developer Platforms and Platform Engineering

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Platform:

A foundation that developers can use to build software applications. It provides a set of tools and services that make it easier to develop, deploy, and manage applications.

Internal Developer Platforms (IDPs) try to go further:

- Reduce the cognitive load
- Provide a consistent experience
- User friendly design

Platform Capabilities

Platforms bridge the gap between underlying capability providers and platform users.

Key components:

- Platform Capabilities
- Platform Interfaces



The Rise of Kubernetes in Platform Engineering

Kubernetes is winning as the Platform of Platforms $rac{W}{2}$

But why ...?

- Containerization
- Scalability
- Orchestration
- Flexibility
- Declarative Management

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Key Developments:

- From Orchestration to Platform
- A Thriving Ecosystem
- Standardization and Abstraction
- Extensible Interfaces
 - Container Storage Interface (CSI)
 - Container Runtime Interface (CRI)
 - Container Network Interface (CNI)

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Kubernetes control plane components





The Controller Manager and the Control Loop

Controller manager =

A collection of controllers that together ensure that the state of the cluster matches the desired state.

For example:

- Replication Controller
- Endpoints Controller
- Namespace Controller

The Controller Manager and the Control Loop



Extending Kubernetes



Custom Controllers

Custom controllers =

User-defined programs that extend the capabilities of Kubernetes. Custom controllers use Custom Resource Definitions (CRDs) CRD =

A YAML-defined schema for a custom resource



Custom Controllers





Custom Controllers

Benefits of custom controllers:

- Extend native Kubernetes functionality
- Enable declarative management of custom resources
- Automation



Kubernetes Operators

Operators package up custom controllers and more, to make it easier to deploy and manage.

Operators can include the following:

- CRD definitions
- Controller code
- Deployment manifests
- Service manifests
- Helm charts
- Documentation and monitoring tools



Why use Operators

Benefits:

- Simplified application management
- Declarative configuration of an application
- Reduce errors
- Standardized packaging
- Domain-specific expertise
- Rich ecosystem



Two types of Operator

- Internal Operators
 - Managing resources running within the Kubernetes cluster
- External Operators
 - Managing resources outside of the Kubernetes cluster
- Both share the same benefits
 - Simplified application management
 - Declarative configurations
 - Reduced errors
 - Standardized packaging



Our demo

- Database-as-a-Service capability in an IDP
 - Using an external database service MongoDB Atlas
 - The Atlas Kubernetes Operator

- A GitOps interface for our users
 - Using the ArgoCD operator
 - Providing a self-service mechanism for our IDP

Thank you!

To find out more about the Atlas Operator (including access to the repo containing all the information of our demo) please go to \rightarrow

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linktr.ee/dbaas on idp