

No WAFs Don't use a Web Application Firewall, and when you should, anyway.



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Article

No WAFs

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Don't use a Web Application Firewall, and when you should, anyway

Your security team has just painted a grim picture of potential cyber threats, and you're aware that your web application is a minefield of vulnerabilities. Fixing these security issues seems like a task that could take between forever and never.











CISO warns about threats





Quick! A solution!





Get a WAF!





What is a WAF?

A service that (tries to) protect your webapp
Later we'll discuss architecture and specific functionality





Drivers for getting a WAF



Hacker Attack



Fire drill!



Penetration Test

So, so easy to break in.
The state of the art is ... not good





Urgency



Quick! We need a solution! Now! (And forever)





No expertise now, ... or ever

Outside Requirement/Audit

Government
Customer
Partner
Standards body







Security Blanket





Web Threats

OWASP Top Ten

Walkthrough: Cross Site Scripting

nowaf.joshuafox.com

Working vulnerability:

withwaf.joshuafox.com

Without WAF

Try to create a game where my name is executable <script>alert("HACKED YOU")</script>

	Player 1
<script>alert("HACKED YOU")</script>	Name
joshua@doit.com	Emai
	12 778-27
	Player 2
Innocent Victim	Player 2

(Actual hack *steals* your password!)

Demo WAF Architecture

LB without Cloud Armor

Browser

LB with Cloud Armor

Server

Make it Safe!

\$('#chatLog') .append (message.name)

WAF protects the broken one!

\$('#chatLog') .append(DIV(null, message.name))

A simple chat message is executed

User-name is runnable JavaScript <script>alert("HACKED YOU")</script>

> nowaf.joshuafox.com says HACKED YOU!







Try to create a new game where my name is executable <script>alert("HACKED YOU")</script>



With WAF

- WAF catches and forbids my request
- Works? Crude weapon!!
- Don't let it happen!



403 Forbidden

withwaf.joshuafox.com/game



SQL Injection



SQL Injection

"INSERT INTO Students VALUES ('" + FNMName.Text + "" '' + LName.Text + ''')';

INSERT INTO Students VALUES ('Robert'); DROP TABLE Students; --', 'Jones')

https://stackoverflow.com/guestions/332365

DDOS

Distributed Denial of Service



Why Distributed?



Application-Level Threats



Broken Access Control

Incorrect Authorization Authorization bypass, e.g. in search

Toss in a WAF

How Cloud Armor works



Architecture



Policies and Rules



Rules

Rule

Match condition

Action

(Deny/Allow/Log)

Types of Rules

IP address blacklist/whitelist

(On the edge, compare to Firewall)

Geography
HTTP-content scan


Preconfigured Rules (Use these!)

Google Cloud Armor rule name	ModSecurity ru
SQL injection	sqli-v33-sta
	sqli-v33-ca
Cross-site scripting	xss-v33-stal
	xss-v33-cana
Local file inclusion	lfi-v33-stal
	lfi-v33-cana



le name

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Sensitivity (Paranoia)

False positives and negatives

evaluatePreconfiguredWaf(
 'sqli-v33-stable',

{ sensitivity : 2}



Standard Signatures

CRS 3.3 CRS 3.0		
Signature ID (Rule ID)	Sensitivity level	Description
owasp-crs-v030301-id942100-sqli	1	SQL Injection A
owasp-crs-v030301-id942140-sqli	1	SQL injection a
owasp-crs-v030301-id942160-sqli	1	Detects blind S
owasp-crs-v030301-id942170-sqli	1	Detects SQL be conditional que
owasp-crs-v030301-id942190-sqli	1	Detects MSSQI attempts

- Attack Detected via libinjection
- attack: Common DB Names Detected
- SQLi tests using sleep() or benchmark()
- enchmark and sleep injection attempts including eries
- L code execution and information gathering

Sample signature

```
# Regexp generated from util/regexp-assemble/regexp-942170.data using Regexp::Assemble.
# To rebuild the regexp:
    cd util/regexp-assemble
    ./regexp-assemble.pl regexp-942170.data
#
# Note that after assemble an outer bracket with an ignore case flag is added
# to the Regexp::Assemble output:
    (?i:ASSEMBLE OUTPUT)
#
#
SecRule REQUEST COOKIES | ! REQUEST COOKIES: / utm / | REQUEST COOKIES NAMES |
           ARGS NAMES | ARGS | XML: /* "@rx
(?i:(?:select|;)\s+(?:benchmark|sleep|if)\s*?\(\s*?\(?\s*?\w+)" \
    "id:942170,\
    phase:2, \setminus
   block, \
    capture, \setminus
    t:none,t:urlDecodeUni, \
   msg: 'Detects SQL benchmark and sleep injection attempts including conditional queries', \setminus
    logdata: 'Matched Data: %{TX.0} found within %{MATCHED VAR NAME}: %{MATCHED VAR}', \
    tag: 'application-multi', \
    tag:'language-multi',\
    tag:'platform-multi',\
    tag:'attack-sqli',\
••• •
    tag:'OWASP AppSensor/CIE1',\
    tag: PCI/6.5.2',
    ver:'OWASP CRS/3.2.0',\
    severity: 'CRITICAL', \
    setvar: 'tx.sgl injection score=+%{tx.critical anomaly score}'.
```

Rule language

request.headers['user-agent']. matches('(?i:wordpress)')



WAF won't protect you!





Blocking Your Own App

WAF fights your own app

Software Engineering Forum:
 Requests disappear!

False positives

• If your app passes executable code on purpose. • If it is full of text-fields and unvetted code • Or just plain failure in imperfect rules





A secure application





Secure your app

E.g. • Escape all strings <script>alert(1)</script>

%3Cscript%3Ealert(1)%3C%2Fscript%3E

• Don't dangerouslySetInnerHTML • Sanitize?

But the most important

A security mindset



DDOS



DDOS False Positives

Plan in advance
 Rely on advanced
 ML-driven features



IP Address

37.60.43.234

Also, address blocks

Geo



Dry run

Preview

 $\bullet \bullet \bullet$

previewSecurityPolicy: { configuredAction: "DENY" name: "owasp-modsecurity-core-reuse-set"

Problem with Preview

Uncertainty





False Negatives Letting the attacks through







Imperfect detection

- Regexes are limited as a language
 Regexes must be fast
- Only a few Kilobytes scanned

The worst: Broken Access Control

 Hundreds of pages: Which are open to Unauthenticated, all authenticated, or wrong users \bigcirc • Read? Write?

WAF is helpless





Attackers shift

Change IP addresses
Change countries
Change attacks
Tiny string changes

Attackers are smart!

Always scheming...
WAFs have predefined rules
Though ML can be flexible

Flexibility?

Configure policies
Configure rules

Exclude rule
Exclude field

Choose sensitivity level
Create rules





Flexibility not enough

- The experts already worked on the tough balance. You don't have a very special case that needs your own rules or config.
- And if you do, that requires some targeted work.



WAF adds risk!



Man-in-the-Middle

WAF decrypts your HTTPS
What if it has a bug?





Risk: Complacency

Temporary becomes permanent
Skills are not learned
Chicken-wire fence



Risk to Performance

The WAF decrypts and analyzes every request



Pricing

Basic: Pay for rules, policies, requests
"Enterprise": Monthly fee, also for resources, data

Expensive?



At long last...

What is it good for?

External Requirement

- GovernmentCustomer
- Partner
- Standards body

Third-Party Apps

You have no access to code.
But you still risk complacency.

Central Supervision

- Security Team handles new CVEs, e.g. log4J
- Temporary until product teams fix it
- DENY/ALLOW/LOG for monitoring tool as well as protection-tuning

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When you know for sure what you want to block

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The one go-to feature

DDOS



Consider advanced services

- Human team
- Attack visibility
- Third-party named IP address lists
- Threat Intelligence
- Adaptive Protection



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If you're going to do it, do it now

No fire drills





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Prefer your Cloud's WAF

- Google Cloud Armor or AWS Shield
- The HTTPS is probably being decrypted anyway.
- Pay-as-you-go, especially for your *long* ramp-up period

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ed anyway. **ng** ramp-up period

Minuses of a WAF

Complacency Resources and skills
False positives
False negatives
Added risk and slowness





Plusses of a WAF

- Easier than DIY
- No need to change code
- Centrally-controllable
- Features that you can't provide
 - Adaptive protection
 - DDOS







Conclusion

- Security is job zero
- Security is in your app
- You can't hand off responsibility
- Use WAF where relevant

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We're hiring!

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Slides https://bit.ly/ waf-dont



