Building Infrastructure with Privacy in mind

Natalia Grybovska



Who am I

Natalia Grybovska

Software Engineer 3 years in Big Tech Privacy





A high level overview of the privacy domain with respect to the infrastructure design.

Why Privacy?



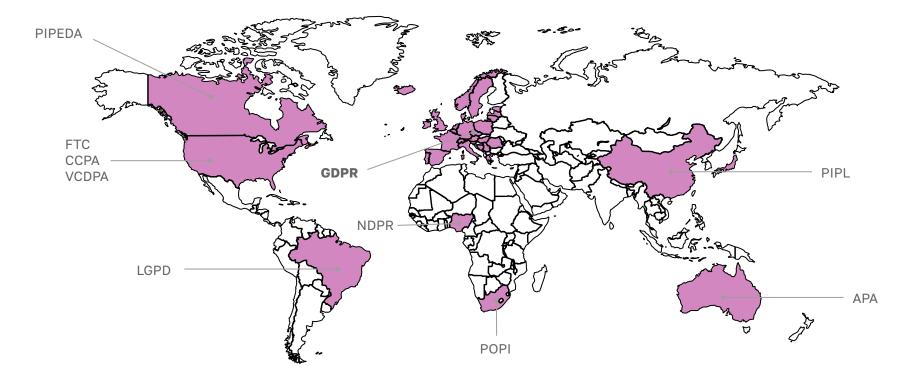




Ethics

Building User Trust Regulatory compliance

Regulations



What is Privacy

Privacy > Security

Principles

Data Protection

personal data is protected against unauthorized processing, loss or damage

Transparency

users are informed about the data collection and processing activities

Control

users can access, rectify, erase or restrict their personal data

Deletion

(The right to be forgotten) users have a simple means to delete data related to them

Principles

Data Minimisation

Only the necessary data should be collected and processed

Purpose limitation

Data cannot be used for anything other than the original purpose

Retention

Data is stored only for as long as necessary and is disposed when no longer required

Accountability

organizations must be able to demonstrate compliance

Privacy And Infrastructure

Regulations & Commitments	
(Policies)	
\wedge	
Code entorces policies	

Regulations & Commitments

Translated into Policies consisting of

- 1. Scope (where does this policy apply)
- 2. Enforcement logic
- 3. Associated with Data

Examples:

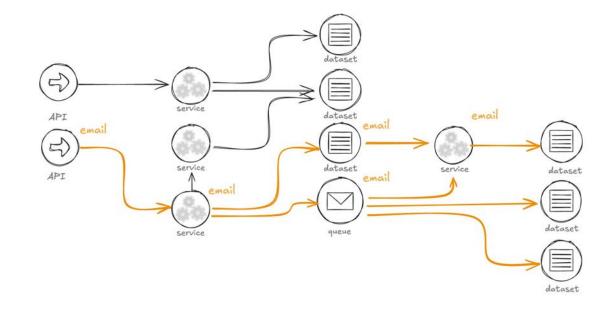
- Consent Policy: Email shouldn't be used for marketing without consent in the EU
- Retention Policy: *Bank Statements shouldn't be retained for longer than 7 years in the US*



Data Understanding

- 1. Defining and registering sensitive data
- 2. Annotating data (API, DTOs, Data Sink schemas etc)
- 3. Building Data Lineage

Data Lineage





Integrates a policy layer

- 1. Code associated sensitive data with a set of policies
- 2. Code propagates policy context
- 3. Code enforces policies where applicable

Examples:

- Code respects the Consent Policy with regards to Email
- An automated process in place to ensure that *Bank Statement* data is deleted after retention period

Privacy Practises

Prevention practises

Access Controls

Ensures data is protected from unauthorised access

Encryption

Protected data in case of unauthorised access

Anonymisation

Removing personal information from data before sharing with third-party companies or analytics layer

Data Coarsening

Reducing the granularity of data making it more challenging to identify individuals

Organisational measures

Privacy Policies

Establishing clear policies that outline data handling practises

Employee Training

Ensuring employees are aware of privacy regulations and internal privacy policies

Privacy Review Risk Assessments and Compliance

Establishing review processes on feature releases.

Conducting regular risk assessments and audits to assess compliance, potential privacy risks and vulnerabilities

Continuous compliance

Automated Breach Detection

Implementing continuous policy compliance verification processes.

Incident Response Process

Having a well-defined process for addressing privacy incidents.

Privacy Investments

Small company



- 1. Context Propagation
- 2. Distributed tracing
- 3. Consent implementation
- 4. Encryption
- 5. Access Controls

Growing company



- 5. Policy Propagation
- 6. Policy Enforcement implementation

Bigger company



- 1. Data Lineage
- 2. Continuous Compliance
 - a. Automated Breach Detection
 - b. Evidence generation
- 3. Risk Assessments
- 4. Compliance Audits

Conclusions

- Invest early
- Understand your data
- Establish clear policies

Thank you!

We have updated our GLOBAL PRIVACY TERMS. Your trust is important to us. As part of our ongoing commitment to transparency. and in preparation