

# Large Language Model (LLM) SecOps

## Secure GenAI Applications

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# About me

**Omer Farooq**

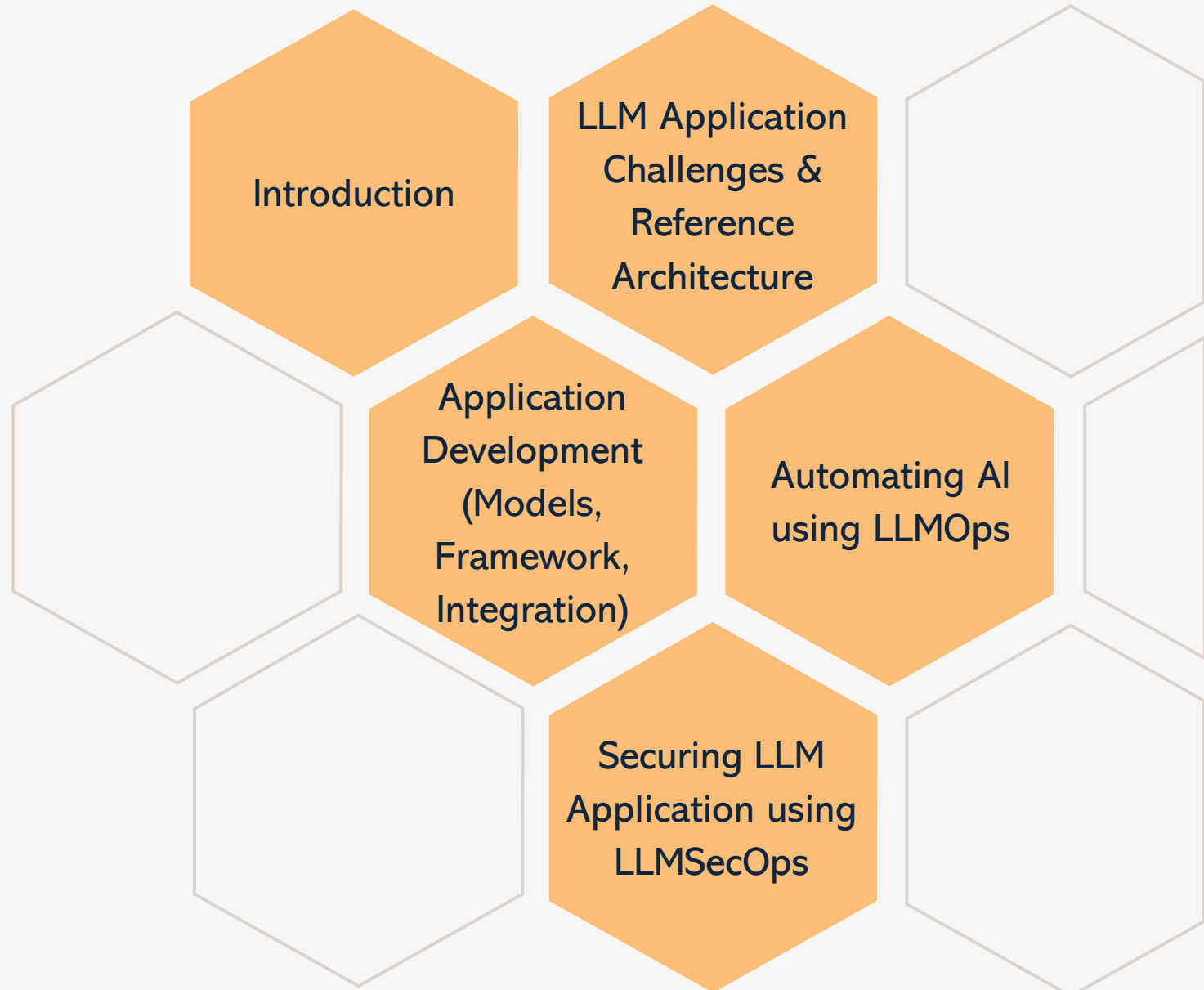
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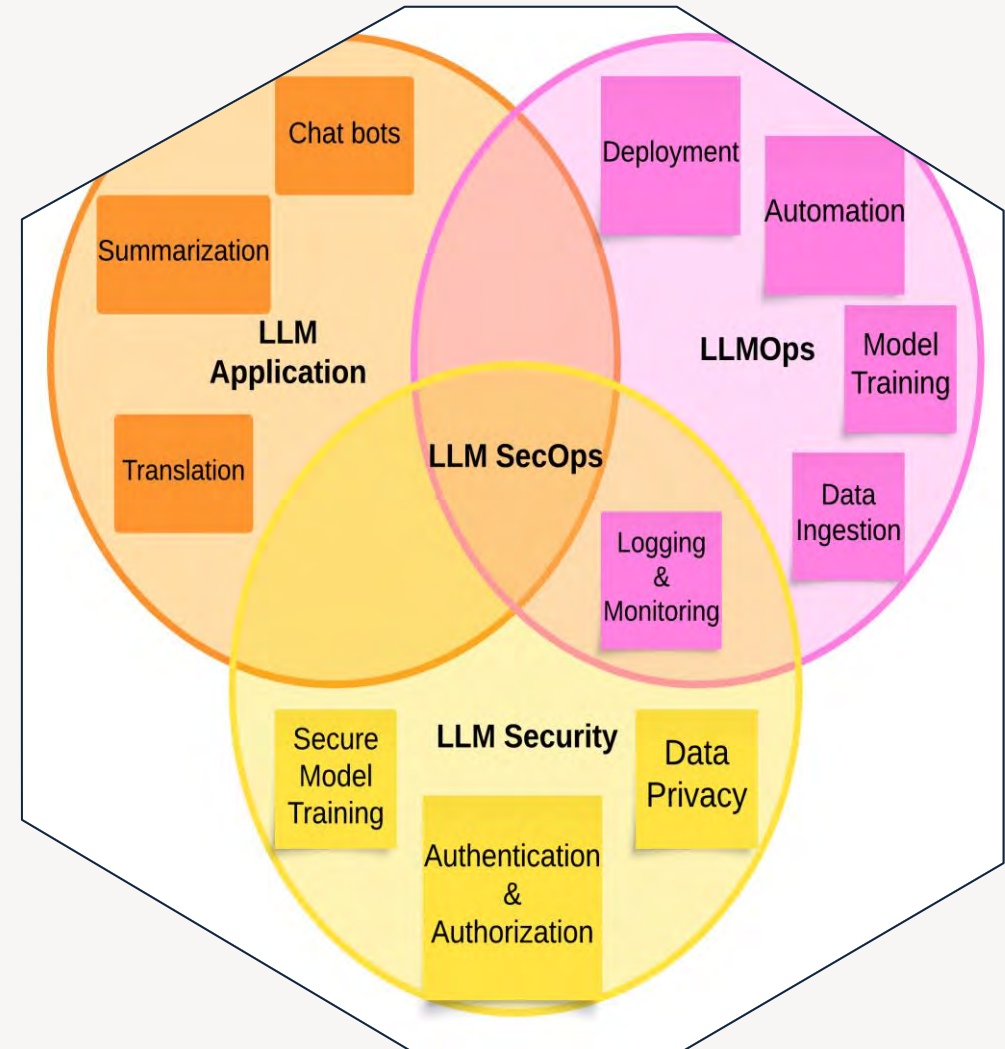
# Agenda



# What is LLM SecOps?

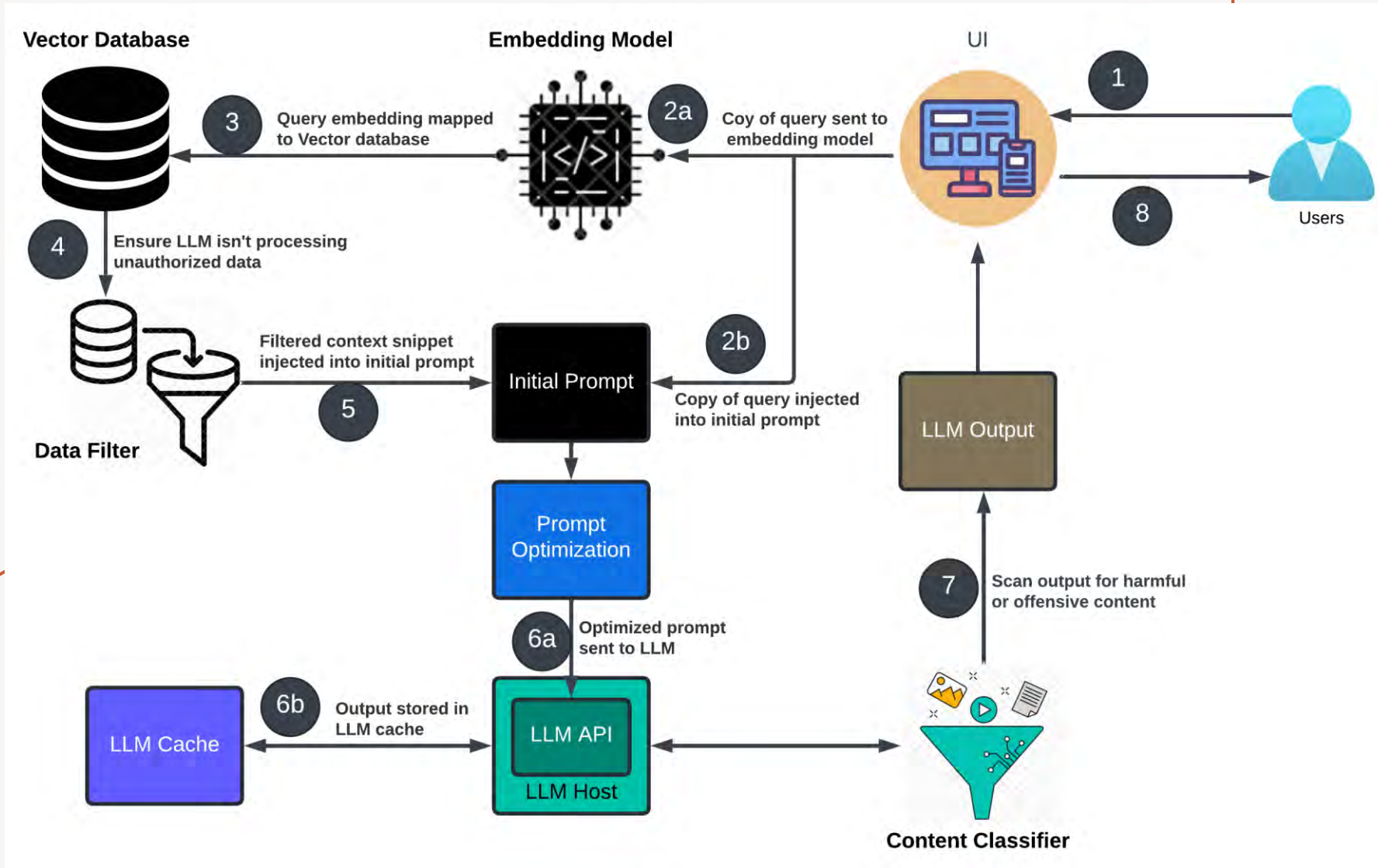
LLM SecOps = LLM Application + LLM Ops + LLM Security

- Large Language Model (LLM) Applications are **Data Routers**
- LLM Ops includes
  - Automation
  - Deployment
  - Model Training
  - Data Ingestion
  - Monitoring
- LLM security focuses on protecting LLMs from vulnerabilities and threats





# LLM Application Reference Architecture





- **Validate all Integration points for Security**
- **Data Integration**
  - Authentication – Control data ingestion and employ OAuth flows to create connections
  - Authorization – Need to control data ingestion and exposure points tightly
  - Service Account and Secret Management
- **Data Lifecycles and DLP**
  - Based on the Governance policies needed to ensure Applications manage Data protection
  - Use data cataloging and DLP solution with an automatic classifier to detect data exposure
- **AI Service API Management**
  - Enable API Management and Security on all LLM-based products for security and monitoring
  - Model, Token usage, and Metered usage should be performed outside of the Service level

# LLM Application Development – Where to Start?

## Choosing the right LLM Model is vital

- Understand the quality and limitations of the model
- Model results can vary significantly
- Multi-Model – Text/Image
- Model cost varies

## Develop Application and LLM Separately

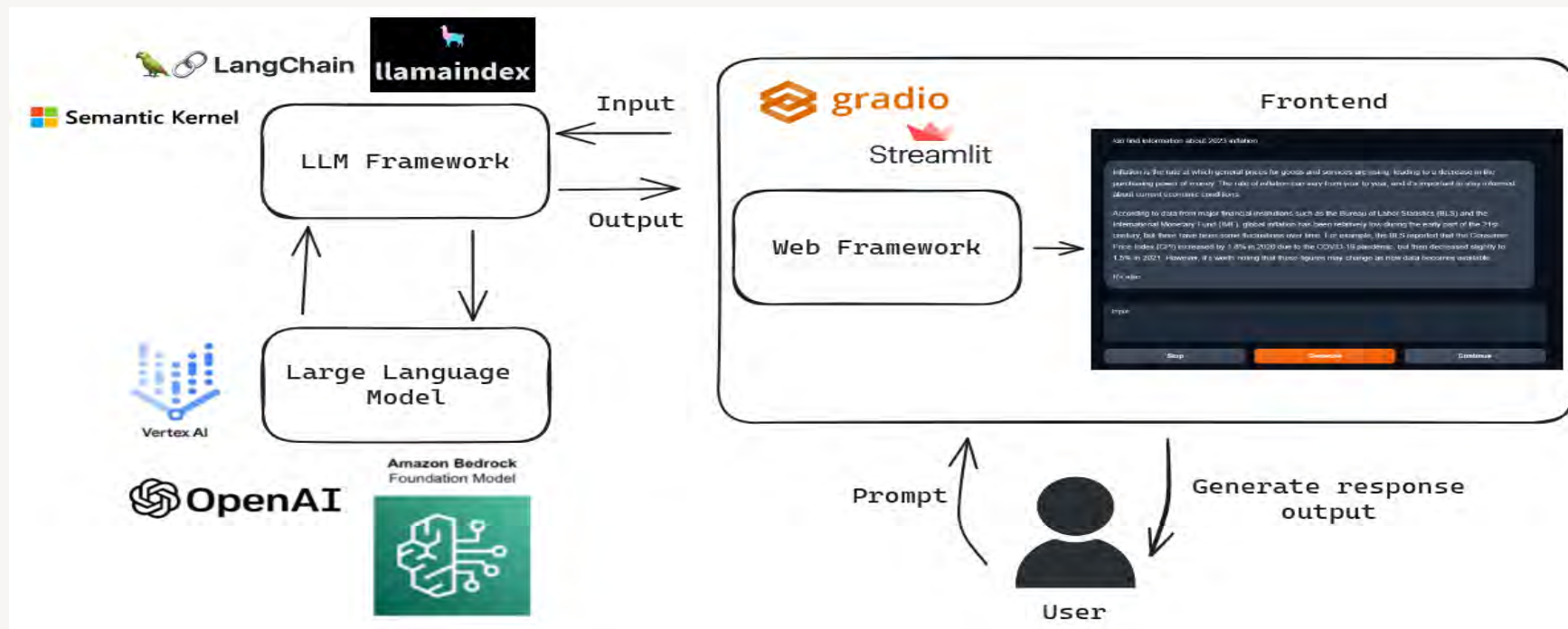
- Integrate LLM as a Service in your Application
- Keep all Data in separate Storage

Use Application and Role Based authentication, authorization to protect Data



# Rapid Prototype & Fast Result

- **Use Existing Data Router Frameworks**
  - Langchain, Semantic Kernel, LlamaIndex
- **Low Code Frontend**
  - Streamlit, Gradio
- **Leverage Cloud Services**
  - Serverless and Managed Service
- **Use purpose build Cloud Native Storage**
  - Vector, caching, SQL, NoSQL





# LLM Development Principles

- **Decoupled Architecture** - Keep the application and LLM service separate
  - LLM requires high computation and will cost more
- **Applications should be Cloud Native** - Ensure Scalability, Agility, & Resiliency
  - Use a framework, save time, and increase productivity
- **Vector database** – Embedded Storage and Performance is critical
  - Test often Models do not provide consistent results

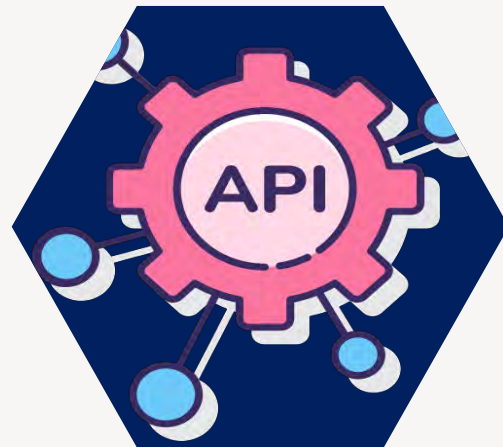
# LLMOps

LLMOps is an extension of existing DevOps but fine grain control designed for LLM Application



## Automation & Deployment

- Automate deployment CI/CD
- Automate LLM pipeline
- All software containers or serverless



## Integration with Application

- Inject secrets at the time of deployment
- Ensure all integration authentication tokens are rotated



## Monitoring & Observability

- Index for LLM Apps
- LLM Applications are Data Routers thus, logging and monitoring is essential



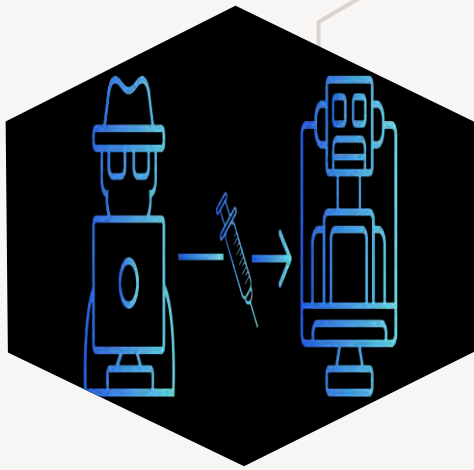
## Data Management

- LLM Application requires blob storage, SLQ, NO-SQL, Vector, Cache, and memory storage
- Ensure data quality and consistency

# Strategic LLM SecOps

LLM SecOps is the automation of Security practices for LLM based applications and deployment process

## LLM Application Security Concerns



Prompt Injection



Model Poisoning



Adversarial Attacks

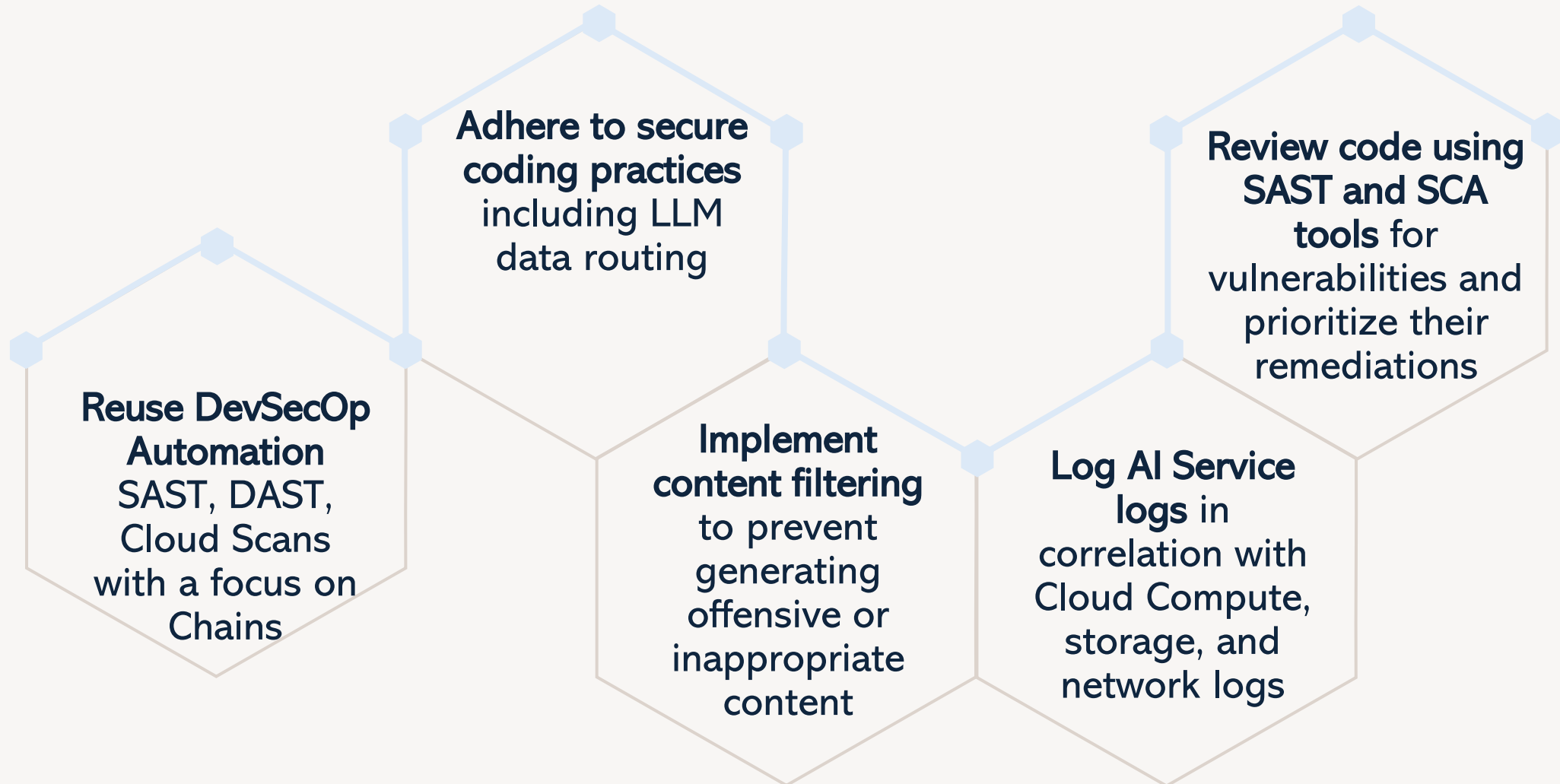


Data Leakage



Ethical Concerns

# Tactical LLM SecOps - Ensuring AI Security







# Thank you

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